## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

S SENATE BILL 1295

Short Title:	Junk Faxes. (Public)	
Sponsors:	Senators Dorsett; Albertson, Allran, Apodaca, Atwater, Berger of Rockingham, Blake, Bland, Clodfelter, Dalton, Dannelly, East, Forrester, Garrou, Garwood, Goodall, Graham, Hagan, Hartsell, Holloman, Hoyle, Jenkins, Lucas, Malone, Nesbitt, Presnell, Purcell, Stevens, Swindell, Tillman, and Weinstein.	
Referred to:	Rules and Operations of the Senate.	
	May 11, 2006	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT T	O INCREASE PROTECTIONS FOR CONSUMERS WHO RECEIVE	
	CITED FACSIMILES.	
	Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
	ECTION 1. Chapter 75 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a	
new Article		
	"Article 5.	
"	" <u>Unsolicited Facsimiles.</u>	
"§ 75-115. The following definitions apply in this Article:  (1) Established business relationship. – A prior or existing relationship		
(1	<u>Established business relationship. – A prior or existing relationship</u> formed by a voluntary two-way communication between a person or	
	entity and a residential or business subscriber, with or without an	
	exchange of consideration, on the basis of an inquiry, application,	
	purchase, membership, or transaction by the residential or business	
	subscriber regarding products or services offered by the person or	
	entity, and the relationship has not been previously terminated by	
	either party.	
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	either or both of the following:	
	a. Transcribe text or images or both from paper into an electronic	
	signal and to transmit that signal over a regular telephone line.	
	b. Transcribe text or images or both from an electronic signal	
(2	received over a regular telephone line onto paper.	
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	availability or quality of any property, goods, or services that is	

transmitted to any person or entity without that person's or entity's prior express invitation or permission. Prior express invitation or permission may be obtained for a specific or unlimited number of advertisements and may be obtained for a specific or unlimited period of time.

## "§ 75-116. Prohibition of unsolicited facsimiles; exception.

- (a) No person or entity, if either the person or entity or the recipient is located within the State of North Carolina, shall (i) use any telephone facsimile machine, computer, or other device to send or (ii) cause another person or entity to use a telephone facsimile machine to send an unsolicited advertisement to a telephone facsimile machine.
- (b) This section shall not apply to a person or entity that has an established business relationship with the recipient of the facsimile. However, the person or entity who sends an unsolicited advertisement under this subsection shall provide a notice in the unsolicited advertisement that: (i) is clear and conspicuous and on the first page of the unsolicited advertisement; (ii) states that the recipient may make a request to the sender to "do not send" any future unsolicited advertisements to a telephone facsimile machine and that the sender's failure to comply with the request is unlawful; and (iii) includes a toll-free domestic telephone number or facsimile machine number that the recipient may call at any time on any day of the week to transmit a request to "do not send" future facsimiles.

## "§ 75-117. Facsimiles to contain identifying material.

- (a) It shall be a violation of this Article for any person or entity, if either the person or entity or the recipient is located in the State of North Carolina, to do either of the following:
  - (1) Initiate any communication using a telephone facsimile machine that does not clearly mark in a margin at the top or bottom of each transmitted page or on the first page of each transmission the date and time sent; an identification of the business, other entity, or person sending the message, and the telephone number of the sending machine or of the business, other entity, or person.
  - Use a computer or other electronic device to send any message via a telephone facsimile machine unless it is clearly marked in a margin at the top or bottom of each transmitted page of the message or on the first page of the transmission the date and time it is sent, the identification of the business, other entity, or person sending the message, and the telephone number of the sending machine or of the business, other entity, or person.
- (b) This section shall not apply to a facsimile sent by or on behalf of a professional or trade association that is a tax-exempt nonprofit organization and in furtherance of the association's tax-exempt purpose to a member of the association if all of the following conditions are met:
  - (1) The member voluntarily provided the association the facsimile number to which the facsimile was sent.

1	<u>(2)</u>	The facsimile is not primarily for the purpose of advertising the
2		commercial availability or quality of any property, goods, or services
3		of one or more third parties.
4	<u>(3)</u>	The member who is sent the facsimile has not requested that the
5		association stop sending facsimiles for the purpose of advertising the
6		commercial availability or quality of any property, goods, or services
7		of one or more third parties.
8	" <u>§ 75-118. En</u> t	forcement.
9	<u>(a)</u> A pe	rson or entity who receives an unsolicited advertisement in violation of
10	this Article may	y bring any of the following actions in civil court:
11	<u>(1)</u>	An action to enjoin further violations of this Article by the person or
12		entity who sent the unsolicited advertisement.
13	<u>(2)</u>	An action to recover five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for the first
14		violation, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the second violation, and
15		five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for the third and any other violation that
16		occurs within two years of the first violation.
17	<u>(b)</u> <u>In an</u>	action brought pursuant to this Article, the court may award a prevailing
18	plaintiff reason	able attorneys' fees if the court finds the defendant willfully engaged in
19	the act or prac	tice, and the court may award reasonable attorneys' fees to a prevailing
20	defendant if the	e court finds that the plaintiff knew, or should have known, that the
21	action was frive	olous and malicious.
22		ons brought by a person or entity pursuant to this section shall be tried in
23	the county whe	re the plaintiff resides at the time of the commencement of the action.
24	(d) This	section shall not be construed to alter or restrict any remedy a person

person or entity who sends an unsolicited advertisement."

may have under federal law, including the Junk Fax Prevention Act of 2005, against a

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