GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

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HOUSE BILL 1228

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Short Title:	Stop Light Cameras in Certain Municipalities.	(Local)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

March 29, 2007

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR AN INCREASE IN THE PENALTY SET FOR A RED LIGHT VIOLATION DETECTED BY A CAMERA; TO REQUIRE THAT THE CLEAR PROCEEDS OF EACH PENALTY COLLECTED BE TRANSFERRED TO THE LOCAL SCHOOL BOARD; TO DEFINE WHAT AMOUNTS MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM EACH PENALTY BY A MUNICIPALITY TO ARRIVE AT THE AMOUNT OF CLEAR PROCEEDS FROM EACH CIVIL PENALTY THAT MUST BE TRANSFERRED TO THE LOCAL SCHOOL BOARD; AND TO PERMIT A COLLECTION ASSISTANCE FEE TO BE COLLECTED FROM THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY IF THE CIVIL PENALTY IS NOT PAID WITHIN A SPECIFIED TIME.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 160A-300.1(c) reads as rewritten:

"§ 160A-300.1. Use of traffic control photographic systems.

...

- (c) Municipalities may adopt ordinances for the civil enforcement of G.S. 20-158 by means of a traffic control photographic system, as described in subsection (a) of this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 20-176, in the event that a municipality adopts an ordinance pursuant to this section, a violation of G.S. 20-158 at a location at which a traffic control photographic system is in operation shall not be an infraction. An ordinance authorized by this subsection shall provide that:
 - (1) The owner of a vehicle shall be responsible for a violation unless the owner can furnish evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. The owner of the vehicle shall not be responsible for the violation if the owner of

the vehicle, within 30 days after the date of personal service or mailing of notification of the violation, furnishes the officials or agents of the municipality which issued the citation either of the following:

- a. An affidavit stating the name and address of the person or company who had the care, custody, and control of the vehicle.
- b. An affidavit stating that the vehicle involved was, at the time, stolen. The affidavit must be supported with evidence that supports the affidavit, including insurance or police report information.
- (1a) Subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply, and the registered owner of the vehicle shall not be responsible for the violation, if notice of the violation is given to the registered owner of the vehicle more than 90 days after the date of the violation.
- (2) A violation detected by a traffic control photographic system shall be deemed a noncriminal violation for which a civil penalty of fifty dollars (\$50.00) seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) shall be assessed, and for which no points authorized by G.S. 20-16(c) shall be assigned to the owner or driver of the vehicle nor insurance points as authorized by G.S. 58-36-65.
- (3) The owner of the vehicle shall be issued a citation which shall clearly state when the penalty is due and the manner in which the violation may be challenged, and thechallenged. The owner shall comply with the directions on the citation. The citation shall be processed by officials or agents of the municipality and shall be forwarded by personal service or first-class mail to the address given on the motor vehicle registration. If the owner fails to pay the civil penalty or to respond to the citation within 30 days after the date the citation is served or mailed, the time period specified on the citation, the owner shall have waived the right to contest responsibility for the violation, and shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00). The municipality may establish procedures for the collection of these penalties and may enforce the penalties by civil action in the nature of debt.
- (4) The municipality shall institute a nonjudicial administrative hearing to review objections to citations or penalties issued or assessed under this section.
- The clear proceeds from the citations issued pursuant to an ordinance authorized by this section shall be paid to the local school board. For the purposes of determining the clear proceeds derived from the citations, the following expenses, not to exceed ten percent (10%) of the civil penalty assessed pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, are authorized to be deducted from each civil penalty assessed pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection:

- The cost of materials and postage directly related to the printing 1 a. 2 and mailing of the first and second notices sent to the owner 3 and, if necessary, the driver of the vehicle. 4 The cost of computer services directly related to the production <u>b.</u> 5 and mailing of the notices described in sub-subdivision a. of 6 this subdivision. 7 The municipality may assess a collection assistance fee against the <u>(6)</u> 8 owner and, if necessary, driver of the vehicle under the conditions in 9 this subdivision. Amounts collected must be credited first to the 10 payment of the civil penalty and then to collection assistance fee. The 11 conditions are as follows: 12 The civil penalty has not been paid within 30 days after the 13 personal service or first-class mailing of a second notice that the 14 penalty is due. The second notice must be served or mailed no 15 sooner than 30 days after the day the first notice was served or mailed and must contain a notice stating that a collection 16 17 assistance fee will be assessed if the penalty is not paid within 30 days after the service or mailing of the second notice, the 18 date when the collection assistance fee will be assessed, and the 19 20 amount of the collection assistance fee. The collection 21 assistance fee shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the civil 22 penalty assessed pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection. 23 Collection assistance fees shall be placed in a separate fund that <u>b.</u> 24 may be used only for the purpose of paying for the costs of collection expended to collect civil penalties that remain unpaid 25 30 days after the service or mailing of the second notice 26 27 required pursuant to sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision." **SECTION 2.** G.S. 160A-300.1(d) reads as rewritten: 28 29 This section applies only to the Cities of Albemarle, Charlotte, Durham, 30
 - "(d) This section applies only to the Cities of Albemarle, Charlotte, Durham, Fayetteville, Greensboro, Greenville, High Point, Locust, Lumberton, Newton, Rocky Mount, and Wilmington, to the Towns of Chapel Hill, Cornelius, Huntersville, Matthews, Nags Head, Pineville, and Spring Lake, and to the municipalities in Union County."
 - **SECTION 3.** Section 1 of this act applies to the Cities of Albemarle, Charlotte, Durham, Fayetteville, Locust, and Rocky Mount and to the municipalities in Union County.
 - **SECTION 4.** This act becomes effective September 1, 2007, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

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