GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

S SENATE DRS85153-LB-38 (1/23)

Short Title:	Eminent Domain.	(Public)

Sponsors: Senator Berger of Rockingham.

Referred to:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO ALLOW DIFFERENTIAL TREATMENT OF NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS WHOSE PROPERTY IS CONDEMNED SO AS TO ALLOW REPLACEMENT VALUE RATHER THAN FAIR MARKET VALUE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 40A-64 reads as rewritten:

"§ 40A-64. Compensation for taking.

- (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), subsections (b), (d), and (e) of this section, the measure of compensation for a taking of property is its fair market value.
- (b) If there is a taking of less than the entire tract, the measure of compensation is the greater of either (i) the amount by which the fair market value of the entire tract immediately before the taking exceeds the fair market value of the remainder immediately after the taking; or (ii) the fair market value of the property taken.
- (c) If the owner is to be allowed to remove any timber, building or other permanent improvement, or fixtures from the property, the value thereof shall not be included in the compensation award, but the cost of removal shall be considered as an element to be compensated.
- (d) The fair market value of property owned by an entity organized and operated upon a nonprofit basis is deemed to be not less than the reasonable cost of functional replacement if the following conditions exist:
 - (1) The property is devoted to and is needed by the owner in order to continue in good faith its actual use to perform a public function or to render nonprofit educational, religious, charitable, or eleemosynary services; and
 - (2) The facilities or services are available to the general public.
- (e) The cost of functional replacement under subsection (b) of this section includes:

1		<u>(1)</u>	The cost of a functionally equivalent site;
2		<u>(2)</u>	The cost of relocating and rehabilitating improvements taken, or if
3			relocation and rehabilitation is impracticable, the cost of providing
4			improvements of substantially comparable character and of the same
5			or equal utility; and
6		<u>(3)</u>	The cost of betterments and enlargements required by law or by
7			current construction and utilization standards for similar facilities."
8		SEC	CTION 2. G.S. 136-112 reads as rewritten:
9	"§ 136-11	12. N	Ieasure of damages.
10	<u>(a)</u>	Exce	ept as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, the The
11	following shall be the measure of damages to be followed by the commissioners, jury or		
12	judge who determines the issue of damages:		
13		(1)	Where only a part of a tract is taken, the measure of damages for said
14			taking shall be the difference between the fair market value of the
15			entire tract immediately prior to said taking and the fair market value
16			of the remainder immediately after said taking, with consideration
17			being given to any special or general benefits resulting from the
18			utilization of the part taken for highway purposes.
19		(2)	Where the entire tract is taken the measure of damages for said taking
20			shall be the fair market value of the property at the time of taking.
21	<u>(b)</u>		fair market value of property owned by an entity organized and operated
22	upon a nonprofit basis is deemed to be not less than the reasonable cost of functional		
23	replaceme	ent if	the following conditions exist:
24		<u>(1)</u>	The property is devoted to and is needed by the owner in order to
25			continue in good faith its actual use to perform a public function or to
26			render nonprofit educational, religious, charitable, or eleemosynary
27			services; and
28		<u>(2)</u>	The facilities or services are available to the general public.
29	<u>(c)</u>	<u>The</u>	cost of functional replacement under subsection (b) of this section
30	<u>includes:</u>		
31		<u>(1)</u>	The cost of a functionally equivalent site;
32		<u>(2)</u>	The cost of relocating and rehabilitating improvements taken, or if
33			relocation and rehabilitation is impracticable, the cost of providing
34			improvements of substantially comparable character and of the same
35			or equal utility; and
36		<u>(3)</u>	The cost of betterments and enlargements required by law or by
37			current construction and utilization standards for similar facilities."
38		SEC	CTION 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.

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