## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

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## **SENATE BILL 554**

	Short Title:	Amend Child Welfare & Public Health Laws. (1	Public)
	Sponsors:	Senator Hise (Primary Sponsor).	
	Referred to:	Health Care.	
		April 1, 2013	
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT TO	O MAKE CHANGES REQUESTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HE	ALTH
3		JMAN SERVICES TO LAWS PERTAINING TO CHILD ABUSE, NEGI	
4		PENDENCY AND PUBLIC HEALTH.	,
5		Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
6			
7	PART L CH	HANGES TO LAWS PERTAINING TO CHILD ABUSE, NEGLECT,	AND
8	DEPENDEN		
9		<b>ECTION 1.</b> G.S. 7B-507 reads as rewritten:	
10		Reasonable efforts.	
11	0	n order placing or continuing the placement of a juvenile in the custo	odv or
12		esponsibility of a county department of social services, whether an ord	
13		nsecure custody, a dispositional order, or a review order:	01 101
14	(1	• •	to the
15	(1	juvenile's own home would be contrary to the juvenile's best interest;	to the
16	(2		social
17	(2	services has <u>either made</u> reasonable efforts to prevent <u>the need for place</u>	
18		or eliminate eliminated the need for placement of the juvenile, unle	
19		court has previously determined under subsection (b) of this section	
20		such efforts are not required or shall cease;	ii tilat
20	(3		ruices
22	()	should continue to make reasonable efforts to prevent or eliminate the	
22		for placement of the juvenile, unless the court has previously determi	
23		determines under subsection (b) of this section that such efforts a	
24		required or shall cease;	ie not
	( )		lity of
26	(4		
27		the county department of social services and that the department	
28		provide or arrange for the foster care or other placement of the jury	
29		After considering the department's recommendations, the court may of	
30	/ -	specific placement the court finds to be in the juvenile's best interest; a	
31	(5		ie to a
32	A (* 1* .1	safe home or at achieving another permanent plan for the juvenile.	
33	A finding that	at reasonable efforts have not been made by a county department of social se	rvices

33 A finding that reasonable efforts have not been made by a county department of social services 34 shall not preclude the entry of an order authorizing the juvenile's placement when the court 35 finds that placement is necessary for the protection of the juvenile. Where efforts to prevent the 36 need for the juvenile's placement were precluded by an immediate threat of harm to the



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juvenile, the court may find that the placement of the juvenile in the absence of such efforts 1 2 was reasonable. 3 In any order placing a juvenile in the custody or placement responsibility of a (b) 4 county department of social services, whether an order for continued nonsecure custody, a 5 dispositional order, or a review order, the court may direct that reasonable efforts to eliminate 6 the need for placement of the juvenile shall not be required or shall cease if the court makes 7 written findings of fact that: 8 Such efforts clearly would be futile or would be inconsistent with the (1)9 juvenile's health, safety, and need for a safe, permanent home within a 10 reasonable period of time; 11 (2)A court of competent jurisdiction has determined that the parent has 12 subjected the child to aggravated circumstances as defined in G.S. 7B-101; 13 A court of competent jurisdiction has terminated involuntarily the parental (3)14 rights of the parent to another child of the parent; or 15 A court of competent jurisdiction has determined that: the parent has (4) committed murder or voluntary manslaughter of another child of the parent; 16 17 has aided, abetted, attempted, conspired, or solicited to commit murder or

18 voluntary manslaughter of the child or another child of the parent; or has
 19 committed a felony assault resulting in serious bodily injury to the child or
 20 another child of the parent.parent; has committed sexual abuse against the
 21 child or another child of the parent; or has been required to register as a sex
 22 offender on any government-administered registry.

23 When the court determines that reunification efforts are not required or shall cease, (c) 24 the court shall order a plan for permanence as soon as possible, after providing each party with 25 a reasonable opportunity to prepare and present evidence. If the court's determination to cease 26 reunification efforts is made in a hearing that was duly and timely noticed as a permanency 27 planning hearing, then the court may immediately proceed to consider all of the criteria 28 contained in G.S. 7B-907(b), make findings of fact, and set forth the best plan of care to 29 achieve a safe, permanent home within a reasonable period of time. If the court's decision to 30 cease reunification efforts arises in any other hearing, the court shall schedule a subsequent 31 hearing within 30 days to address the permanent plan in accordance with G.S. 7B-907. At any 32 hearing at which the court orders that reunification efforts shall cease, the affected parent, 33 guardian, or custodian may give notice to preserve the right to appeal that order in accordance 34 with G.S. 7B-1001. The party giving notice shall be permitted to make a detailed offer of proof 35 as to any evidence that party sought to offer in opposition to cessation of reunification that the 36 court refused to admit.

(d) In determining reasonable efforts to be made with respect to a juvenile and in
making such reasonable efforts, the juvenile's health and safety shall be the paramount concern.
Reasonable efforts to preserve or reunify families may be made concurrently with efforts to
plan for the juvenile's adoption, to place the juvenile with a legal guardian, or to place the
juvenile in another permanent arrangement."

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## SECTION 2. G.S. 7B-909 reads as rewritten:

43 "§ 7B-909. Review of agency's plan for placement.

(a) The director of social services or the director of the licensed private child-placing
agency shall promptly notify the clerk to calendar the case for review of the department's or
agency's plan for the juvenile at a session of court scheduled for the hearing of juvenile matters
in any case where: matters. The review shall be held within six months of accepting a
relinquishment of a juvenile for adoption under the provisions of Part 7 of Article 3 of Chapter
48 def the General Statutes unless the juvenile has become the subject of a decree of adoption.
(1) One parent has surrendered a juvenile for adoption under the provisions of

- 50 51
- (1) One parent has surrendered a juvenile for adoption under the provisions of Part 7 of Article 3 of Chapter 48 of the General Statutes and the termination

of parental rights proceedings have not been instituted against the		
nonsurrendering parent within six months of the surrender by the othe		
parent, or		
(2) Both parents have surrendered a juvenile for adoption under the provision		
of Part 7 of Article 3 of Chapter 48 of the General Statutes and that juvenil		
has not been placed for adoption within six months from the date of the mor		
recent parental surrender.		
(b) Repealed by $2007-276$ , s. 6, effective October 1, 2007.		
(c) Notification of the court under this section shall be by a petition for review. The		
petition shall set forth the circumstances necessitating the review under subsection (a) of thi		
section. The review shall be conducted within 30 days following the filing of the petition for		
review unless the court shall otherwise direct. The court shall conduct reviews every six		
months until the juvenile is the subject of a decree of adoption. The initial review and all		
subsequent reviews shall be conducted pursuant to G.S. 7B-908. Any individual whose parental		
rights have been terminated shall not be considered a party to the review unless an appeal of the		
order terminating parental rights is pending, and a court has stayed the order pending the		
appeal."		
PART II. CHANGES TO LAWS PERTAINING TO PUBLIC HEALTH		
SECTION 3. G.S. 130A-22(b3) reads as rewritten:		
"(b3) The Secretary may impose an administrative penalty on a person who violate		
Article 19A or 19B of this Chapter or any rules adopted pursuant to Article 19A or 19B of thi		
Chapter. Each day of a continuing violation is a separate violation. The penalty shall not exceed		
one five thousand dollars (\$1,000)(\$5,000) for each day the violation continues for Article 19.		
of this Chapter. The penalty shall not exceed seven hundred fiftyfive thousand dollar		
(\$750.00)(\$5,000) for each day the violation continues for Article 19B of this Chapter. The		
penalty authorized by this section does not apply to a person who is not required to be certified		
under Article 19A or 19B."		
<b>SECTION 4.</b> G.S. 130A-101(a) reads as rewritten:		
"(a) A certificate of birth for each live birth, regardless of the gestation period, which		
occurs in this State shall be filed with the local registrar of the county in which the birth occur		
within 10-five days after the birth and shall be registered by the registrar if it has been		
completed and filed in accordance with this Article and the rules."		
<b>SECTION 5.</b> G.S. 130A-209(a) reads as rewritten:		
"§ 130A-209. Incidence reporting of cancer; charge for collection if failure to report.		
(a) All-By no later than October 1, 2014, all health care facilities and health care		
providers that detect, diagnose, or treat cancer or benign brain or central nervous system tumor		
shall submit by electronic transmission a report to the central cancer registry each diagnosis o		
cancer or benign brain or central nervous system tumors in any person who is screened		
diagnosed, or treated by the facility or provider. The electronic transmission of these report		
shall be in a format prescribed by the United States Department of Health and Human Services		
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Program of Cancer Registries. The		
reports shall be made within six months of after diagnosis. Diagnostic, demographic and other		
information as prescribed by the rules of the Commission shall be included in the report."		
PART III. EFFECTIVE DATE		
<b>SECTION 6.</b> This act becomes effective October 1, 2013.		

**General Assembly of North Carolina** 

Session 2013