GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

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SENATE BILL 349 House Committee Substitute Favorable 6/28/16 House Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 6/30/16

Short Title: Amd Various Laws/Study Golf Course Tax Policy. (Public)

Sponsors:	
Referred to:	

March 23, 2015

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 2 AN ACT TO CLARIFY CERTAIN LAWS RELATING TO THE FILING OF DOCUMENTS 3 BY THE CLERK OF COURT AND TO DIRECT THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF 4 THE COURTS TO DEVELOP AND IMPLEMENT A PILOT MAGISTRATE/CLERK 5 STAFFING PROJECT; TO PROVIDE FOR MEDIATED SETTLEMENT CONFERENCES IN DISTRICT COURT CIVIL ACTIONS; TO CREATE THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE 6 7 STUDY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC RECORDS AND OPEN MEETINGS; TO ALLOW 8 THE BOARD OF PHARMACY TO OBTAIN CRIMINAL RECORD REPORTS FROM 9 APPROVED REPORTING SERVICES; TO PROHIBIT HUNTING FROM THE 10 RIGHT-OF-WAYS OF PUBLIC ROADS IN BUNCOMBE COUNTY; TO CREATE A DEFINITION FOR PROVISIONAL PROVIDERS IN CHILD CARE; TO MOVE 11 MONTGOMERY 12 COUNTY FROM PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT 19A TO 13 PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT 20B; AND TO DIRECT THE REVENUE LAWS STUDY 14 COMMITTEE TO STUDY GOLF COURSE TAX POLICY.

15 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1.(a) G.S. 1A-1, Rule 5, reads as rewritten:

17 "Rule 5. Service and filing of pleadings and other papers.

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- 19 (e) (1)Filing with the court defined. – The filing of pleadings and other papers with the court pursuant to the rules promulgated under G.S. 7A-109 or subdivision 20 (2) of this subsection as required by these rules shall be made by filing them 21 22 with the clerk of the court, except that the judge may permit the papers to be filed with him, in which event he shall note thereon the filing date and forthwith 23 transmit them to the office of the clerk. The failure to affix a date stamp or file 24 25 stamp on any pleading or other papers filed in the courts shall not affect the sufficiency, validity, or enforceability of the document. 26
- Filing by electronic means. If, pursuant to G.S. 7A-34 G.S. 7A-34, 27 (2)G.S. 7A-49.5, and G.S. 7A-343, the Supreme Court and the Administrative 28 29 Officer of the Courts establish uniform rules, regulations, costs, procedures and 30 specifications for the filing of pleadings or other court papers by electronic 31 means, filing may be made by the electronic means when, in the manner, and to 32 the extent provided therein."
- SECTION 1.(b) G.S. 1A-1, Rule 58, reads as rewritten: 33
- 34 "Rule 58. Entry of judgment.



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1 Subject to the provisions of Rule 54(b), a judgment is entered when it is reduced to writing, 2 signed by the judge, and filed with the clerk of court. court in accordance with Rule 5. The party 3 designated by the judge or, if the judge does not otherwise designate, the party who prepares the 4 judgment, shall serve a copy of the judgment upon all other parties within three days after the 5 judgment is entered. Service and proof of service shall be in accordance with Rule 5. If service is by mail, three days shall be added to the time periods prescribed by Rule 50(b), Rule 52(b), and 6 7 Rule 59. All time periods within which a party may further act pursuant to Rule 50(b), Rule 52(b), 8 or Rule 59 shall be tolled for the duration of any period of noncompliance with this service 9 requirement, provided however that no time period under Rule 50(b), Rule 52(b), or Rule 59 shall 10 be tolled longer than 90 days from the date the judgment is entered. Subject to the provisions of 11 Rule 7(b)(4), consent for the signing and entry of a judgment out of term, session, county, and 12 district shall be deemed to have been given unless an express objection to such action was made 13 on the record prior to the end of the term or session at which the matter was heard.

14 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any judgment entered by a magistrate in a 15 small claims action pursuant to Article 19 of Chapter 7A shall be entered in accordance with this 16 Rule except judgments announced and signed in open court at the conclusion of a trial are 17 considered to be served on the parties, and copies of any judgment not announced and signed in 18 open court at the conclusion of a trial shall be served by the magistrate on all parties in accordance 19 with this Rule, within three days after the judgment is entered. If service is by mail, three days 20 shall be added to the time periods prescribed by G.S. 7A-228. All time periods within which a 21 party may further act pursuant to G.S. 7A-228 shall be tolled for the duration of any period of 22 noncompliance of this service requirement, provided that no time period shall be tolled longer than 23 90 days from the date judgment is entered."

24 **SECTION 1.(c)** Pilot Magistrate/Clerk Staffing Project. – The Administrative Office 25 of the Courts shall establish and implement a pilot project that will allow the clerk of superior 26 court of a county, with the written consent of the chief district court judge for the district in which the county is located, to hire one deputy clerk or assistant clerk, based on the assistant clerk 27 28 allocation formula established by the Administrative Office of the Courts, in lieu of one of the 29 magistrate positions allocated to that county, notwithstanding the minimum number of magistrates 30 prescribed for each county under G.S. 7A-133(c). The pilot project is authorized for counties with 31 three or four magistrate allocations. To provide accessibility to law enforcement personnel and 32 citizens, in counties participating in this pilot project, the clerk of superior court's office will 33 provide some of the services traditionally provided by the magistrates' office during some or all of 34 the regular courthouse hours. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report to the Joint 35 Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety on the outcomes of the pilot project 36 by March 1, 2017, and shall include recommendations on continuation or expansion of the pilot.

SECTION 1.(d) G.S. 1A-1, Rule 5(e)(1), as enacted by subsection (a) of this section, is effective when this section becomes law and applies to all pleadings and papers filed with the courts, including pleadings and papers filed prior to that date. G.S. 1A-1, Rule 5(e)(2), as enacted by subsection (a) of this section, is effective when it becomes law and applies to all pleadings and papers filed with the courts on or after that date. The remainder of this section is effective when it becomes law.

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SECTION 2.(a) The catch line of G.S. 7A-38.4A reads as rewritten:

"§ 7A-38.4A. Settlement procedures in district court family financial actions."

SECTION 2.(b) G.S. 7A-38.4A(c) reads as rewritten:

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46 "(c) Any chief district court judge in a judicial district may order a mediated settlement 47 conference or <u>may order</u> another settlement procedure, as provided under subsection (g) of this 48 section, for any action pending in that district involving issues of equitable distribution, alimony, 49 child or post separation support, or claims arising out of contracts between the parties under 50 G.S. 52-10, G.S. 52-10.1, or Chapter 52B of the General Statutes. The chief district court judge 51 may adopt local rules that order settlement procedures in all of the foregoing actions and designate

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1 other district court judges or administrative personnel to issue orders implementing those settlement procedures. However, local rules adopted by a chief district court judge shall not be 2 3 inconsistent with any rules adopted by the Supreme Court." 4 SECTION 2.(c) Article 5 of Chapter 7A of the General Statutes is amended by adding 5 a new section to read: 6 "§ 7A-38.4B. Settlement procedures in district court general civil actions. 7 The General Assembly finds that a system of settlement events should be established to (a) 8 facilitate the settlement of district court civil actions, other than those involving family issues 9 covered by the provisions of G.S. 7A-38.4A, in order to make that litigation more economical, 10 efficient, and satisfactory to the parties, their representatives, and the State. District courts should 11 be able to require parties to those actions and their representatives to attend a pretrial mediated settlement conference or other settlement procedure conducted under this section and rules 12 13 adopted by the Supreme Court to implement this section. 14 The definitions in G.S. 7A-38.1(b)(2) and (b)(3) apply in this section. (b) The chief district court judge, or that person's designee, in a judicial district may order 15 (c) 16 a mediated settlement conference or may order another settlement procedure, as provided under 17 subsection (g) of this section, for any district court civil action, other than those involving family 18 issues covered by the provisions of G.S. 7A-38.4A and issues exempted by the rules of the Supreme Court implementing this section. The chief district court judge may adopt local rules that 19 20 order settlement procedures in all of the foregoing actions and designate other district court judges 21 or administrative personnel to issue orders implementing those settlement procedures. However, 22 local rules adopted by a chief district court judge shall not be inconsistent with any rules adopted 23 by the Supreme Court. 24 (d) The parties to a district court action where a mediated settlement conference or other 25 settlement procedure is ordered, their attorneys, and other persons or entities with authority, by 26 law or contract, to settle a party's claim, shall attend the mediated settlement conference or other settlement procedure, unless the rules ordering the settlement procedure provide otherwise. No 27 party or other participant in a mediated settlement conference or other settlement procedure is 28 29 required to make a settlement offer or demand that the party or participant deems contrary to that 30 party's or participant's best interests. Parties who have been victims of domestic violence may be 31 excused from physically attending or participating in a mediated settlement conference or other 32 settlement procedure. 33 Any person required to attend a mediated settlement conference or other settlement (e) 34 procedure under this section who, without good cause, fails to attend or fails to pay any or all of 35 the mediator's or other neutral's fee in compliance with this section is subject to the contempt powers of the court and monetary sanctions imposed by a district court judge. A party seeking 36 37 sanctions against another party or person shall do so in a written motion stating the grounds for the 38 motion and the relief sought. The motion shall be served upon all parties and upon any person 39 against whom sanctions are being sought. The court may initiate sanction proceedings upon its 40 own motion by the entry of a show cause order. If the court imposes sanctions, it shall do so, after notice and hearing, in a written order making findings of fact and conclusions of law. An order 41 42 imposing sanctions is reviewable upon appeal, and the entire record shall be reviewed to 43 determine whether the order is supported by substantial evidence. 44 The parties to a district court action in which a mediated settlement conference is to be (f) 45 held under this section shall have the right to designate a mediator. Upon failure of the parties to designate within the time established by the rules adopted by the Supreme Court, a mediator shall 46 be appointed by a district court judge. 47 48 A chief district court judge, or that judge's designee, at the request of a party and with (g) the consent of all parties, may order the parties to attend and participate in any other settlement 49 50 procedure authorized by rules adopted by the Supreme Court or adopted by local district court 51 rules, in lieu of attending a mediated settlement conference. Neutrals acting under this section

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1	shall be selected and compensated in accordance with rules adopted by the Supreme Cou	ırt.		
2	Nothing herein shall prohibit the parties from participating in other dispute resolution procedure			
3	including arbitration, to the extent authorized under State or federal law. Nothing herein sh			
4	prohibit the parties from participating in mediation at a community mediation center operati			
5	under G.S. 7A-38.5.	<u> </u>		
6	(h) Mediators and other neutrals acting under this section shall have judicial immunity	in		
7	the same manner and to the same extent as a judge of the General Court of Justice, except the			
8	mediators and other neutrals may be disciplined in accordance with enforcement procedur			
9	adopted by the Supreme Court under G.S. 7A-38.2.			
10	(i) Costs of mediated settlement conferences and other settlement procedures shall	be		
11	borne by the parties. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or agreed to by the parties, t	the		
12	mediator's fees shall be paid in equal shares by the parties. The rules adopted by the Supren	me		
13	Court shall set out a method whereby a party found by the court to be unable to pay the costs	of		
14	settlement procedures is afforded an opportunity to participate without cost to that party a	ınd		
15	without expenditure of State funds.			
16	(j) Evidence of statements made and conduct occurring in a mediated settleme	ent		
17	conference or other settlement proceeding conducted under this section, whether attributable to	<u>) a</u>		
18	party, the mediator, other neutral, or a neutral observer present at the settlement proceeding, sh	all		
19	not be subject to discovery and shall be inadmissible in any proceeding in the action or other ci-	vil		
20	actions on the same claim, except in any of the following:			
21	(1) Proceedings for sanctions under this section.			
22	(2) <u>Proceedings to enforce or rescind a settlement of the action.</u>			
23	(3) Disciplinary proceedings before the State Bar or any agency established	to		
24	enforce standards of conduct for mediators or other neutrals.			
25	(4) <u>Proceedings to enforce laws concerning juvenile or elder abuse.</u>			
26	As used in this subsection, the term "neutral observer" includes persons seeking mediated	tor		
27	certification, persons studying dispute resolution processes, and persons acting as interpreters.			
28	No settlement agreement to resolve any or all issues reached at the proceeding conduct			
29	under this section or during its recesses shall be enforceable unless it has been reduced to writi			
30	and signed by the parties. No evidence otherwise discoverable shall be inadmissible mere	ely		
31	because it is presented or discussed in a settlement proceeding.			
32	No mediator, other neutral, or neutral observer present at a settlement proceeding under the			
33	section shall be compelled to testify or produce evidence concerning statements made and condu			
34	occurring in anticipation of, during, or as a follow-up to a mediated settlement conference or oth			
35	settlement proceeding pursuant to this section in any civil proceeding for any purpose, includi			
36	proceedings to enforce or rescind a settlement of the action, except to attest to the signing of a			
37	agreements, and except proceedings for sanctions under this section, disciplinary hearings before the State Dependent for an distance of the State Dependent for an distance of the State Dependent for an except proceeding o			
38	the State Bar or any agency established to enforce standards of conduct for mediators or oth	ler		
39 40	 <u>neutrals, and proceedings to enforce laws concerning juvenile or elder abuse.</u> (k) The Supreme Court may adopt standards for the certification and conduct of mediate 	0.10		
40 41				
41	and other neutrals who participate in settlement procedures conducted under this section. T			
42 43	standards may also regulate mediator training programs. The Supreme Court may add procedures for the enforcement of those standards. The administration of mediator certification			
43 44	regulation of mediator conduct, and decertification shall be conducted through the Dispu			
44 45	Resolution Commission.	ule		
45 46	(1) An administrative fee not to exceed two hundred dollars (\$200.00) may be charged	hv		
40 47	the Administrative Office of the Courts to applicants for certification and annual renewal	_		
47 48	certification for mediators and mediator training programs operating under this section. The fe			
40 49	collected may be used by the Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts to establish a			
49 50	maintain the operations of the Commission and its staff. The administrative fee shall be set by t			
	inditional and operations of the Commission and its starr, the administrative fee shall be set by t	~ * * ~		

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1	Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts in consultation with the Dispute Resolution				
2	Commission.				
3	(m) The Administrative Office of the Courts, in consultation with the Dispute Resolution				
4	Commission, may require the chief district court judge of any district to report statistical data				
5	about settlement procedures conducted under this section for administrative purposes.				
6	(n) Nothing in this section or in rules adopted by the Supreme Court implementing this				
7	section shall restrict a party's right to a trial by jury.				
8 9	(o) <u>The Supreme Court may adopt rules to implement this section.</u> " SECTION 2.(d) This section becomes effective October 1, 2016, and applies to				
10	actions filed on or after that date.				
11	SECTION 3.(a) Creation. – There is created the Joint Legislative Study Committee				
12	on Public Records and Open Meetings. The Committee shall consist of 10 members to be				
13	appointed as follows:				
14	(1) Five members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the				
15	House of Representatives.				
16	(2) Five members of the Senate appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the				
17	Senate.				
18	SECTION 3.(b) Study. – The Joint Legislative Study Committee on Public Records				
19	and Open Meetings shall study ways to improve transparency of State and local government in				
20	North Carolina. In the conduct of its study, the Committee shall examine existing State laws				
21	regarding public access to government records and meetings and legislation enacted in other states				
22	that allow greater public access than currently exists in North Carolina. Specifically, the				
23	Committee shall study:				
24	(1) Strategies for the executive branch of North Carolina State government to				
25	streamline the processes by which the public may access government records				
26	and meetings.				
27 28	(2) Strategies for local government entities in North Carolina to streamline the				
28 29	processes by which the public may access government records and meetings.(3) The development of legislative alternatives to existing provisions of the North				
30	Carolina Public Records Act and Open Meetings Law that restrict or entirely				
31	prohibit public access to government records of meetings.				
32	SECTION 3.(c) Cochairs; Vacancies. – The Speaker of the House of Representatives				
33	shall designate one representative to serve as cochair, and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate				
34	shall designate one senator to serve as cochair. Vacancies on the Committee shall be filled by the				
35	same appointing authority making the initial appointment.				
36	SECTION 3.(d) Powers. – The Committee, while in the discharge of its official				
37	duties, may exercise all powers provided for under G.S. 120-19 and G.S. 120-19.1 through				
38	G.S. 120-19.4. The Committee may meet at any time upon the joint call of the cochairs. The				
39	Committee may meet in the Legislative Building or in the Legislative Office Building.				
40	SECTION 3.(e) Staffing The Legislative Services Commission, through the				
41	Legislative Services Officer, shall assign professional staff to assist the Committee in its work.				
42	The Directors of Legislative Assistants of the Senate and of the House of Representatives shall				
43	assign clerical staff to the Committee, and the expenses relating to the clerical employees shall be				
44	borne by the Committee. Members of the Committee shall receive subsistence and travel expenses				
45	at the rates set forth in G.S. 120-3.1, 138-5, or 138-6, as appropriate.				
46 47	SECTION 3.(f) Report. – The Committee shall submit a final report, including				
47 48	findings and legislative recommendations, to the 2017 General Assembly. The Committee shall				
48 49	terminate upon filing its final report. SECTION 4. G.S. 90-85.15 reads as rewritten:				
49 50	"§ 90-85.15. Application and examination for licensure as a pharmacist; prerequisites.				
50	8 70-03.13. Application and examination for incensure as a pharmacist, prerequisites.				

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Any person who desires to be licensed as a pharmacist shall file an application with the 1 (a) 2 Executive Director on the form furnished by the Board, verified under oath, setting forth the 3 applicant's name, age, the place at which and the time that he the applicant has spent in the study 4 of pharmacy, and his-the applicant's experience in compounding and dispensing prescriptions 5 under the supervision of a pharmacist. The applicant shall also appear at a time and place 6 designated by the Board and submit to an examination as to his-the applicant's qualifications for 7 being licensed. The applicant must demonstrate to the Board his the applicant's physical and 8 mental competency to practice pharmacy.

9 On or after July 1, 1982, all applicants shall have received an undergraduate degree (b) 10 from a school of pharmacy approved by the Board. Applicants shall be required to have had up to 11 one year of experience, approved by the Board, under the supervision of a pharmacist and shall 12 pass the required examination offered by the Board. Upon completing these requirements and 13 upon paying the required fee, the applicant shall be licensed.

14 (c) The Department of Public Safety may provide a criminal record check to the Board for 15 a person who has applied for a license through the Board. The Board shall provide to the 16 Department of Public Safety, along with the request, the fingerprints of the applicant, any 17 additional information required by the Department of Public Safety, and a form signed by the 18 applicant consenting to the check of the criminal record and to the use of the fingerprints and other 19 identifying information required by the State or national repositories. The applicant's fingerprints 20 shall be forwarded to the State Bureau of Investigation for a search of the State's criminal history 21 record file, and the State Bureau of Investigation shall forward a set of the fingerprints to the 22 Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history check. The Board shall keep all 23 information pursuant to this subsection privileged, in accordance with applicable State law and 24 federal guidelines, and the information shall be confidential and shall not be a public record under 25 Chapter 132 of the General Statutes.

- 26 The Department of Public Safety may charge each applicant a fee for conducting the checks of 27 eriminal history records authorized by this subsection. The Board may require an applicant to 28 provide the Board with a criminal record report. All applicants shall obtain criminal record reports 29 from one or more reporting services designated by the Board to provide criminal record reports. 30 Applicants are required to pay the designated reporting service for the cost of these reports."
- 31 **SECTION 5.(a)** It is unlawful to hunt with a firearm or deadly weapon, or to attempt 32 to hunt with a firearm or deadly weapon, any wild animal or wild bird on, from, or across the 33 right-of-way of any public road or highway.

SECTION 5.(b) Violation of subsection (a) of this section is a Class 3 misdemeanor.

35 SECTION 5.(c) This section is enforceable by law enforcement officers of the 36 Wildlife Resources Commission, by sheriffs and deputy sheriffs, and by other peace officers with 37 general subject matter jurisdiction. 38

SECTION 5.(d) This section applies only to Buncombe County.

39 **SECTION 5.(e)** This section becomes effective October 1, 2016, and applies to acts 40 committed on or after that date.

SECTION 6.(a) G.S. 110-90.2(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

42 "§ 110-90.2. Mandatory child care providers' criminal history checks.

- 43 (a) For purposes of this section:
- 44 45 "Provisional provider" means a child care provider whose notification of (3a) qualification under subsection (b) of this section is pending. 46 47" 48 **SECTION 6.(b)** G.S. 110-90.2 is amended by adding a new subsection to read: 49 "(b2) The following requirements apply to provisional providers:

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l	<u>(1)</u> <u>A</u>	A provisional provider may be hired, begin original	entation and training, and be	
2	<u>c</u>	counted in staff/child ratio so long as the provisi	onal provider meets all of the	
3	<u>f</u>	ollowing conditions:		
1		<u>a.</u> <u>The provider has submitted a com</u>		
5		check application prior to employn		
5		b. The provider is supervised at all the	• •	
'		provider and is never left alone wit		
		c. <u>The provider is clearly identified</u>		
)		wearing in plain view a badge	identifying the person as a	
)		provisional provider.		
		An explanation of the status of provisional pro		
		policy statement approved by the Division. The s		
	-	parents and shall also be posted in a conspicuous parents and shall also be posted in a conspicuous p	•	
•		f the child care provider has not received not		
		letermination within 45 calendar days from the d		
	—	vas submitted, the child care provider shall not en		
		of the child care facility until such notification is r 2N(x)		
		DN 6.(c) This section becomes effective August 2	1, 2016.	
		DN 7.(a) G.S. 7A-60 reads as rewritten:		
)		attorneys and prosecutorial districts.	a shown in subsection (a1) of	
		te shall be divided into prosecutorial districts, as		
,	this section. There shall be a district attorney for each prosecutorial district, as provided in where the section where shall be a resident of the prosecutorial district for which			
, 	subsections (b) and (c) of this section who shall be a resident of the prosecutorial district for which			
5	elected. A vacancy in the office of district attorney shall be filled as provided in Article IV, Sec. 19 of the Constitution.			
, 5	(a1) The counties of the State are organized into prosecutorial districts, and each district has			
,		e number of full-time assistant district attorneys se		
3	the countres and the		No. of Full-Time	
)	Prosecutorial		Asst. District	
)	District	Counties	Attorneys	
	1	Camden, Chowan, Currituck,	11	
		Dare, Gates, Pasquotank,		
		Perquimans		
	2	Beaufort, Hyde, Martin,	8	
		Tyrrell, Washington		
,	3A	Pitt	11	
	3B	Carteret, Craven, Pamlico	11	
	4	Duplin, Jones, Onslow,	12	
)				
		Sampson	12	
)	5	Sampson New Hanover, Pender	12	
)	5 6	1	12 18	
))		New Hanover, Pender	12 18 18	
		New Hanover, Pender Bertie, Halifax, Hertford,	12 18 18	
)	6	New Hanover, Pender Bertie, Halifax, Hertford, Northampton	12 18 18 10	
)) 2 }	6 7	New Hanover, Pender Bertie, Halifax, Hertford, Northampton Edgecombe, Nash, Wilson	12 18 18 10 18	
)) ; ; ;	6 7 8	New Hanover, Pender Bertie, Halifax, Hertford, Northampton Edgecombe, Nash, Wilson Greene, Lenoir, Wayne	12 18 18 10 18 14	
	6 7 8 9 9A	New Hanover, Pender Bertie, Halifax, Hertford, Northampton Edgecombe, Nash, Wilson Greene, Lenoir, Wayne Franklin, Granville,	12 18 18 10 18 14	
3 9 1 2 3 4 5 5 7 3	6 7 8 9	New Hanover, Pender Bertie, Halifax, Hertford, Northampton Edgecombe, Nash, Wilson Greene, Lenoir, Wayne Franklin, Granville, Vance, Warren	12 18 18 10 18 14 10	
9 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 5 7 3 9	6 7 8 9 9A	New Hanover, Pender Bertie, Halifax, Hertford, Northampton Edgecombe, Nash, Wilson Greene, Lenoir, Wayne Franklin, Granville, Vance, Warren Person, Caswell Wake Harnett, Lee	12 18 18 10 18 14 10 6 41 9	
) 1 2 3 4 5 5 7 3)	6 7 8 9 9A 10 11A 11B	New Hanover, Pender Bertie, Halifax, Hertford, Northampton Edgecombe, Nash, Wilson Greene, Lenoir, Wayne Franklin, Granville, Vance, Warren Person, Caswell Wake Harnett, Lee Johnston	12 18 10 18 10 18 14 10 6 41 9 10 10	
9 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 5 7 3 9	6 7 8 9 9A 10 11A	New Hanover, Pender Bertie, Halifax, Hertford, Northampton Edgecombe, Nash, Wilson Greene, Lenoir, Wayne Franklin, Granville, Vance, Warren Person, Caswell Wake Harnett, Lee	12 18 10 18 10 18 14 10 6 41 9 1	

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13	Bladen, Brunswick, Columbus	13	
14	Durham	18	
15A	Alamance	11	
15B	Orange, Chatham	10	
16A	Scotland, Hoke	7	
16B	Robeson	12	
16C	Anson, Richmond	6	
17A	Rockingham	7	
17B	Stokes, Surry	8	
18	Guilford	32	
19A	Cabarrus	9	
19B	Montgomery, Randolph	9	
19C	Rowan	8	
19D	Moore	5	
20A		5	
	StanlyStanly, Montgomery		
20B	Union	10	
21	Forsyth	25	
22A	Alexander, Iredell	11	
22B	Davidson, Davie	11	
23	Alleghany, Ashe, Wilkes,	8	
	Yadkin		
24	Avery, Madison, Mitchell,	7	
	Watauga, Yancey		
25	Burke, Caldwell, Catawba	18	
26	Mecklenburg	58	
27A	Gaston	14	
27B	Cleveland,	11	
	Lincoln		
28	Buncombe	14	
29A	McDowell, Rutherford	7	
29B	Henderson, Polk, Transylvania	8	
30	Cherokee, Clay, Graham,	10	
	Haywood, Jackson, Macon,		
	Swain.		
"			
	ION 7.(b) The office and term of the district attorney	for Prosecutorial Distric	
19B, as established by G.S. 7A-60(a1), as amended by subsection (a) of this section, shall be filled			
by the district attorney serving Prosecutorial District 19B at the time this section becomes law.			

39 by the district attorney serving Prosecutorial District 19B at the time this section becomes law, 40 who resides in Randolph County. The term of that district attorney expires December 31, 2016, 41 and a successor shall be elected in the 2016 general election for a four-year term commencing 42 January 1, 2017.

43 SECTION 7.(c) The office and term of the district attorney for Prosecutorial District 44 20A, as established by G.S. 7A-60(a1) subsection (a) of this section, shall be filled by the district 45 attorney serving Prosecutorial District 20A at the time this section becomes law, who resides in Stanly County. The term of that district attorney expires December 31, 2018, and a successor shall 46 47 be elected in the 2018 general election for a four-year term commencing January 1, 2019. 48

SECTION 7.(d) This section becomes effective September 1, 2016.

49 SECTION 8. The Revenue Laws Study Committee is directed to study issues related 50 to the property taxation of golf courses. The study may include a review of the methods used to 51 determine the fair market value and whether there are inconsistencies across counties with regard

- 1 to valuation methodologies in order to identify whether any legislative changes need to be made to
- 2 ensure a consistent, uniform, and simple methodology for assessing these properties. The
- 3 Committee may report its findings, together with any recommended legislation, to the 2017
- 4 General Assembly upon its convening.
- 5 **SECTION 9.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes law.