## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

S SENATE BILL 437

Short Title:	Clarify Hospital Patient Discharge Rights.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Wade and Tucker (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:	Rules and Operations of the Senate	

March 29, 2017

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT CLARIFYING HOSPITAL PATIENT DISCHARGE RIGHTS AND REQUIRING HOSPITALS TO PROVIDE A DETAILED STATEMENT OF PATIENT DISCHARGE RIGHTS AT THE TIME OF ADMISSION.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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 **SECTION 1.** G.S. 131E-90 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 131E-90. Authority of administrator; refusal to leave after discharge.

- (a) The Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the case of a patient who refuses or fails to leave the hospital upon discharge by the attending physician shall be reviewed by two physicians licensed to practice medicine in this State, one of whom may be the attending physician. If in the opinion of the physicians, the patient should be discharged as cured or as no longer needing treatment or for the reason that treatment cannot benefit the patient's case or for other good and sufficient reasons, the patient's refusal to leave shall constitute a trespass. The patient shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor.
- (b) This section does not apply to patients who elect to exercise any of the applicable grievance or appeal rights described in G.S. 131E-90.1 during the pendency of the grievance or appeal. If the final grievance or appeal decision is to discharge the patient and the patient refuses or fails to leave the hospital, the patient's refusal to leave shall constitute a trespass. The patient shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor."

**SECTION 2.** Part 4 of Article 5 of Chapter 131E of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

## "§ 131E-90.1. Patient discharge rights; detailed statement of rights due upon admission.

- (a) Each hospital licensed under this Article shall, at the time of admission, provide to each patient or the patient's next of kin or other legally responsible representative a detailed statement of patient rights with respect to transfer and discharge. The statement shall include and inform the patient of at least all of the following:
  - (1) When medically permissible, a patient may be transferred to another facility only after the patient or the patient's next of kin or other legally responsible representative has received complete information and an explanation concerning the needs for and alternatives to such a transfer. The facility to which the patient is to be transferred must first have accepted the patient for transfer.
  - (2) Except for medical reasons, the patient's own or another patient's welfare, nonpayment for the stay, or when the transfer or discharge is mandated under Title XVIII (Medicare) or Title XIX (Medicaid) of the Social Security Act, each patient has the right not to be transferred or discharged from a



1		facilit	y witho	out at least five days' advance written notice of a transfer or	
2			_	order to ensure an orderly transfer or discharge, unless the	
3		<u>attend</u>	ing phy	vician orders immediate transfer or discharge. All transfer and	
4		discha	rge dec	cisions and the reasons for these decisions shall be documented	
5		in the	patient	's medical record. A patient or the patient's next of kin or other	
6			-	onsible representative may dispute a transfer or discharge	
7		decisi	on as s	pecified in subdivision (3) or (4) of this section, or both, as	
8		<u>appro</u>			
9	<u>(3)</u>			has the right to file a complaint with the Division of Health	
10				lation Complaint Intake Unit about a transfer or discharge at	
11				e hospital shall provide the patient with contact information for	
12		_	-	laint by telephone, facsimile, or mail.	
13	<u>(4)</u>	A pati		o is a Medicare beneficiary has the right to all of the following:	
14		<u>a.</u>		xplanation of the patient's hospital inpatient rights under	
15			Medic	eare, including the right to receive Medicare covered services,	
16			be inv	volved in any decisions about the patient's hospital stay, and	
17				nation about who will pay for any services the patient receives.	
18		<u>b.</u>		nation in advance of the hospital furnishing or discontinuing	
19				o the patient, whenever possible.	
20		<u>c.</u>	_	xplanation of the patient's discharge rights under Medicare,	
21				ling an explanation of the hospital's obligation to involve the	
22			-	t and the patient's family in developing a discharge plan.	
23		<u>d.</u>		planation of the process for filing with the hospital a verbal or	
24				n grievance or appeal regarding premature discharge and a	
25			_	ss for prompt resolution of that grievance or appeal. The	
26			-	nation must do all of the following:	
27			<u>1.</u>	Inform the patient of the specific procedures to be followed in	
28				filing a grievance or appeal, which must specify (i) the time	
29				frames for review of the grievance and the provision of a	
30				response and (ii) the hospital's obligation to provide the	
31				patient with written notice of its decision that contains the	
32				name of the hospital contact person, the steps taken on behalf	
33				of the patient to investigate the grievance, the results of the	
34			2	grievance process, and the date of completion.	
35			<u>2.</u>	Inform the patient how to contact the Quality Improvement	
36			2	Organization (QIO) to appeal a premature discharge.	
37			<u>3.</u>	Inform the patient that, if a grievance or appeal is filed before	
38				the discharge date, the patient will not be responsible for	
39				paying for services received during the pendency of the	
40				grievance or appeal, except for charges such as co-pays and	
41	(1-) NI - 1-	:4 - 1	1:	deductibles.	
42		_		d under this Article shall violate the rights described in	
43	subsection (a) of			on "Ovolity Improvement Organization" on "OIO" de-	
44 45				on, "Quality Improvement Organization" or "QIO" means the	
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**SECTION 3.** This act becomes effective October 1, 2017.

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