A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT GUARANTEEING THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT OF NORTH CAROLINIANS TO ENJOYMENT OF THE FRUITS OF THEIR OWN LABOR AND THE PURSUIT OF HAPPINESS BY LIMITING CERTAIN PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF EXECUTIVE ORDERS AND LOCAL PROHIBITIONS AND ACTIONS BY OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING BOARDS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1.(a) Notwithstanding G.S. 14-288.20A(2) and G.S. 166A-19.30(d), no criminal liability shall apply to any person who violates any provision of any of the following:

1. The following executive orders issued by Governor Roy A. Cooper and subsequent extensions or amendments to the same:
   b. Executive Order No. 120 issued March 23, 2020.
   c. Executive Order No. 121 issued March 27, 2020.

2. Any executive order issued by Governor Roy A. Cooper after April 23, 2020, in response to the COVID-19 emergency and exercising the authority granted by G.S. 166A-19.30(b)(1) through (b)(3) and G.S. 166A-19.30(c).

All prosecutions for violation of executive orders described in this subsection shall be abated.

SECTION 1.(b) Notwithstanding G.S. 14-288.20A(1) and G.S. 166A-19.31(h), no criminal liability shall apply to any person who violates any provision of a prohibition or restriction issued by a city or a county that mirrors or exceeds the limitations contained in the executive orders referenced in subsection (a) of this section and that is issued for the same emergency to which those executive orders apply.

All prosecutions for violation of prohibitions or restrictions described in this subsection shall be abated.

SECTION 2. The maximum civil fine that may be levied against any person who is liable for a violation of any local prohibition or restriction referenced in Section 1 of this act shall be twenty-five dollars ($25.00) for the first violation and one dollar ($1.00) per day for each subsequent violation. Any funds that are subject to Section 7(a) of Article IX of the North Carolina Constitution that have already been collected by a county or municipality as a result of such violation shall be deposited as required by law. The county or municipality shall use other
available funds to refund to the citizen the total collected fine less twenty-five dollars ($25.00)
for the first violation and one dollar ($1.00) per day for each subsequent violation that has
occurred prior to the date of refund. No person shall be charged court costs for a violation of any
provision described in this act.

SECTION 3. No occupational licensing board, as that term is defined in
G.S. 93B-1(2), may revoke a license, issue a fine, or take any adverse action against a licensee
on the basis that the licensee has violated any executive order or prohibition or restriction
referenced in Section 1 of this act. Nothing in this section restricts the authority of an
occupational licensing board to otherwise perform its statutory authority to regulate an
occupation.

SECTION 4. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Secretary of State
the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) in nonrecurring funds for the 2019-2020 fiscal year to
be used to provide educational materials to the public on the provisions of this act. The Secretary
of State shall consult with State occupational licensing boards in developing the educational
materials and dissemination methods.

SECTION 5. Section 4 of this act is effective when it becomes law. The remainder
of this act is effective when it becomes law and applies retroactively to March 17, 2020.