# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

H HOUSE BILL 206

Short Title:	Increase Dropout Age/Completion Indicator.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Elmore, Clemmons, Lambeth, and Setzer (Primary Sponsors).	
	For a complete list of sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly w	eb site.
Referred to:	Education - K-12, if favorable, Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the l	House

### February 28, 2023

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO RAISE THE COMPULSORY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE A

AN ACT TO RAISE THE COMPULSORY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE AGE TO EIGHTEEN YEARS OLD OVER A FIVE-YEAR PERIOD AND TO ESTABLISH A COMPLETION RATE INDICATOR FOR SCHOOL PERFORMANCE GRADES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

# PART I. RAISE DROPOUT AGE TO 16 YEARS AND SIX MONTHS FOR THE 2024-2025 SCHOOL YEAR

**SECTION 1.(a)** G.S. 115C-378(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) Every parent, guardian guardian, or custodian in this State having charge or control of a child between the ages of (i) seven years and (ii) 16 years and six months shall cause the child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time which the public school to which the child is assigned shall be in session. session, unless the child graduates from high school. Every parent, guardian, or custodian in this State having charge or control of a child under age seven who is enrolled in a public school in grades kindergarten through two shall also cause the child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time which the public school to which the child is assigned shall be in session unless the child has withdrawn from school."

## **SECTION 1.(b)** G.S. 115C-238.66(3) reads as rewritten:

"(3) School attendance. – Every parent, guardian, or other person in this State having charge or control of a child who is enrolled in the regional school and who is less than 16 years and six months of age shall cause such child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time that the regional school shall be in session. session, unless the child graduates from high school. No person shall encourage, entice, or counsel any child to be unlawfully absent from the regional school. Any person who aids or abets a student's unlawful absence from the regional school shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The principal shall be responsible for implementing such additional policies concerning compulsory attendance as shall be adopted by the board of directors, including regulations concerning lawful and unlawful absences, permissible excuses for temporary absences, maintenance of attendance records, and attendance counseling."

#### **SECTION 1.(c)** G.S. 116-235(b)(2) reads as rewritten:

"(2) School Attendance. – Every parent, guardian, or other person in this State having charge or control of a child who is enrolled in the School and who is less than 16 years and six months of age shall cause such child to attend school



continuously for a period equal to the time which the School shall be in session, session, unless the child graduates from high school. No person shall encourage, entice, or counsel any child to be unlawfully absent from the School. Any person who aids or abets a student's unlawful absence from the School shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The Chancellor of the School shall be responsible for implementing such additional policies concerning compulsory attendance as shall be adopted by the Board of Trustees, including regulations concerning lawful and unlawful absences, permissible excuses for temporary absences, maintenance of attendance records, and attendance counseling."

#### **SECTION 1.(d)** G.S. 116-239.8(b)(5) reads as rewritten:

"(5) School attendance. – Every parent, guardian, or other person in this State having charge or control of a child who is enrolled in the laboratory school and who is less than 16 years and six months of age shall cause such child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time that the laboratory school shall be in session. session, unless the child graduates from high school. No person shall encourage, entice, or counsel any child to be unlawfully absent from the laboratory school. Any person who aids or abets a student's unlawful absence from the laboratory school shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The principal shall be responsible for implementing such additional policies concerning compulsory attendance as shall be adopted by the chancellor, including regulations concerning lawful and unlawful absences, permissible excuses for temporary absences, maintenance of attendance records, and attendance counseling."

# **SECTION 1.(e)** G.S. 7B-1501(27) reads as rewritten:

- "(27) Undisciplined juvenile.
  - a. A juvenile who, while less than 16 years <u>and six months</u> of age but at least 10 years of age, is unlawfully absent from school; or is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours; or
  - b. A juvenile who is between (i) 16 or 17 years and six months of age and (ii) 18 years of age and who is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours."

### **SECTION 1.(f)** G.S. 143B-805(20) reads as rewritten:

- "(20) Undisciplined juvenile.
  - a. A juvenile who, while less than 16 years <u>and six months</u> of age but at least 10 years of age, is unlawfully absent from school; or is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours; or
  - b. A juvenile who is <u>between (i)</u> 16 or 17 years and six months of age and (ii) 18 years of age and who is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours."

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# PART II. RAISE DROPOUT AGE TO 17 YEARS FOR THE 2025-2026 SCHOOL YEAR **SECTION 2.(a)** G.S. 115C-378(a), as amended by Section 1(a) of this act, reads as

rewritten:

"(a) Every parent, guardian, or custodian in this State having charge or control of a child between the ages of (i) seven years and (ii) 16-17 years and six months shall cause the child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time which the public school to which the child is assigned shall be in session, unless the child graduates from high school. Every parent, guardian, or custodian in this State having charge or control of a child under age seven who is enrolled in a public school in grades kindergarten through two shall also cause the child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time which the public school to which the child is assigned shall be in session unless the child has withdrawn from school."

**SECTION 2.(b)** G.S. 115C-238.66(3), as amended by Section 1(b) of this act, reads as rewritten:

> "(3)School attendance. – Every parent, guardian, or other person in this State having charge or control of a child who is enrolled in the regional school and who is less than 16-17 years and six months of age shall cause such child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time that the regional school shall be in session, unless the child graduates from high school. No person shall encourage, entice, or counsel any child to be unlawfully absent from the regional school. Any person who aids or abets a student's unlawful absence from the regional school shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The principal shall be responsible for implementing such additional policies concerning compulsory attendance as shall be adopted by the board of directors, including regulations concerning lawful and unlawful absences, permissible excuses for temporary absences, maintenance of attendance records, and attendance counseling."

**SECTION 2.(c)** G.S. 116-235(b)(2), as amended by Section 1(c) of this act, reads as rewritten:

> "(2)School Attendance. – Every parent, guardian, or other person in this State having charge or control of a child who is enrolled in the School and who is less than 16-17 years and six months of age shall cause such child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time which the School shall be in session, unless the child graduates from high school. No person shall encourage, entice, or counsel any child to be unlawfully absent from the School. Any person who aids or abets a student's unlawful absence from the School shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The Chancellor of the School shall be responsible for implementing such additional policies concerning compulsory attendance as shall be adopted by the Board of Trustees, including regulations concerning lawful and unlawful absences, permissible excuses for temporary absences, maintenance of attendance records, and attendance counseling."

**SECTION 2.(d)** G.S. 116-239.8(b)(5), as amended by Section 1(d) of this act, reads as rewritten:

> School attendance. – Every parent, guardian, or other person in this State ''(5)having charge or control of a child who is enrolled in the laboratory school and who is less than 16-17 years and six months of age shall cause such child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time that the laboratory school shall be in session, unless the child graduates from high school. No person shall encourage, entice, or counsel any child to be unlawfully absent from the laboratory school. Any person who aids or abets a student's unlawful absence from the laboratory school shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class

1 misdemeanor. The principal shall be responsible for implementing such additional policies concerning compulsory attendance as shall be adopted by the chancellor, including regulations concerning lawful and unlawful absences, permissible excuses for temporary absences, maintenance of attendance records, and attendance counseling."

**SECTION 2.(e)** G.S. 7B-1501(27), as amended by Section 1(e) of this act, reads as rewritten:

- "(27) Undisciplined juvenile.
  - a. A juvenile who, while less than 16-17 years and six months of age but at least 10 years of age, is unlawfully absent from school; or is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours; or
  - b. A juvenile who is between (i) 16-17 years and six months of age and (ii) 18 years of age and who is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours."

**SECTION 2.(f)** G.S. 143B-805(20), as amended by Section 1(f) of this act, reads as rewritten:

- "(20) Undisciplined juvenile.
  - a. A juvenile who, while less than 16-17 years and six months of age but at least 10 years of age, is unlawfully absent from school; or is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours; or
  - b. A juvenile who is between (i) 16-17 years and six months of age and (ii) 18 years of age and who is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours."

# PART III. RAISE DROPOUT AGE TO 17 YEARS AND SIX MONTHS FOR THE 2026-2027 SCHOOL YEAR

**SECTION 3.(a)** G.S. 115C-378(a), as amended by Section 2(a) of this act, reads as rewritten:

"(a) Every parent, guardian, or custodian in this State having charge or control of a child between the ages of (i) seven years and (ii) 17 years and six months shall cause the child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time which the public school to which the child is assigned shall be in session, unless the child graduates from high school. Every parent, guardian, or custodian in this State having charge or control of a child under age seven who is enrolled in a public school in grades kindergarten through two shall also cause the child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time which the public school to which the child is assigned shall be in session unless the child has withdrawn from school."

**SECTION 3.(b)** G.S. 115C-238.66(3), as amended by Section 2(b) of this act, reads as rewritten:

"(3) School attendance. – Every parent, guardian, or other person in this State having charge or control of a child who is enrolled in the regional school and who is less than 17 years and six months of age shall cause such child to attend

12 rewritten:  school continuously for a period equal to the time that the regional school shall be in session, unless the child graduates from high school. No person shall encourage, entice, or counsel any child to be unlawfully absent from the regional school. Any person who aids or abets a student's unlawful absence from the regional school shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The principal shall be responsible for implementing such additional policies concerning compulsory attendance as shall be adopted by the board of directors, including regulations concerning lawful and unlawful absences, permissible excuses for temporary absences, maintenance of attendance records, and attendance counseling."

**SECTION 3.(c)** G.S. 116-235(b)(2), as amended by Section 2(c) of this act, reads as

"(2) School Attendance. – Every parent, guardian, or other person in this State having charge or control of a child who is enrolled in the School and who is less than 17 years and six months of age shall cause such child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time which the School shall be in session, unless the child graduates from high school. No person shall encourage, entice, or counsel any child to be unlawfully absent from the School. Any person who aids or abets a student's unlawful absence from the School shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The Chancellor of the School shall be responsible for implementing such additional policies concerning compulsory attendance as shall be adopted by the Board of Trustees, including regulations concerning lawful and unlawful absences, permissible excuses for temporary absences, maintenance of attendance records, and attendance counseling."

**SECTION 3.(d)** G.S. 116-239.8(b)(5), as amended by Section 2(d) of this act, reads as rewritten:

"(5) School attendance. – Every parent, guardian, or other person in this State having charge or control of a child who is enrolled in the laboratory school and who is less than 17 years and six months of age shall cause such child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time that the laboratory school shall be in session, unless the child graduates from high school. No person shall encourage, entice, or counsel any child to be unlawfully absent from the laboratory school. Any person who aids or abets a student's unlawful absence from the laboratory school shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The principal shall be responsible for implementing such additional policies concerning compulsory attendance as shall be adopted by the chancellor, including regulations concerning lawful and unlawful absences, permissible excuses for temporary absences, maintenance of attendance records, and attendance counseling."

**SECTION 3.(e)** G.S. 7B-1501(27), as amended by Section 2(e) of this act, reads as rewritten:

- "(27) Undisciplined juvenile.
  - a. A juvenile who, while less than 17 years <u>and six months</u> of age but at least 10 years of age, is unlawfully absent from school; or is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours; or
  - b. A juvenile who is between (i) 17 years <u>and six months</u> of age and (ii) 18 years of age and who is regularly disobedient to and beyond the

disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours."

**SECTION 3.(f)** G.S. 143B-805(20), as amended by Section 2(f) of this act, reads as rewritten:

- "(20) Undisciplined juvenile.
  - a. A juvenile who, while less than 17 years <u>and six months</u> of age but at least 10 years of age, is unlawfully absent from school; or is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours; or
  - b. A juvenile who is between (i) 17 years <u>and six months</u> of age and (ii) 18 years of age and who is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours."

PART IV. RAISE DROPOUT AGE TO 18 YEARS FOR THE 2027-2028 SCHOOL YEAR SECTION 4.(a) G.S. 115C-378(a), as amended by Section 3(a) of this act, reads as rewritten:

"(a) Every parent, guardian, or custodian in this State having charge or control of a child between the ages of (i) seven years and (ii) 17–18 years and six months shall cause the child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time which the public school to which the child is assigned shall be in session, unless the child graduates from high school. Every parent, guardian, or custodian in this State having charge or control of a child under age seven who is enrolled in a public school in grades kindergarten through two shall also cause the child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time which the public school to which the child is assigned shall be in session unless the child has withdrawn from school."

**SECTION 4.(b)** G.S. 115C-238.66(3), as amended by Section 3(b) of this act, reads as rewritten:

"(3) School attendance. – Every parent, guardian, or other person in this State having charge or control of a child who is enrolled in the regional school and who is less than 17-18 years and six months of age shall cause such child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time that the regional school shall be in session, unless the child graduates from high school. No person shall encourage, entice, or counsel any child to be unlawfully absent from the regional school. Any person who aids or abets a student's unlawful absence from the regional school shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The principal shall be responsible for implementing such additional policies concerning compulsory attendance as shall be adopted by the board of directors, including regulations concerning lawful and unlawful absences, permissible excuses for temporary absences, maintenance of attendance records, and attendance counseling."

**SECTION 4.(c)** G.S. 116-235(b)(2), as amended by Section 3(c) of this act, reads as rewritten:

"(2) School Attendance. – Every parent, guardian, or other person in this State having charge or control of a child who is enrolled in the School and who is less than 17-18 years and six months of age shall cause such child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time which the School shall be in session, unless the child graduates from high school. No person shall

encourage, entice, or counsel any child to be unlawfully absent from the School. Any person who aids or abets a student's unlawful absence from the School shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The Chancellor of the School shall be responsible for implementing such additional policies concerning compulsory attendance as shall be adopted by the Board of Trustees, including regulations concerning lawful and unlawful absences, permissible excuses for temporary absences, maintenance of attendance records, and attendance counseling."

**SECTION 4.(d)** G.S. 116-239.8(b)(5), as amended by Section 3(d) of this act, reads as rewritten:

"(5) School attendance. – Every parent, guardian, or other person in this State having charge or control of a child who is enrolled in the laboratory school and who is less than 17-18 years and six months of age shall cause such child to attend school continuously for a period equal to the time that the laboratory school shall be in session, unless the child graduates from high school. No person shall encourage, entice, or counsel any child to be unlawfully absent from the laboratory school. Any person who aids or abets a student's unlawful absence from the laboratory school shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The principal shall be responsible for implementing such additional policies concerning compulsory attendance as shall be adopted by the chancellor, including regulations concerning lawful and unlawful absences, permissible excuses for temporary absences, maintenance of attendance records, and attendance counseling."

**SECTION 4.(e)** G.S. 7B-1501(27), as amended by Section 3(e) of this act, reads as rewritten:

# "(27) Undisciplined juvenile. – A

- a. A-juvenile who, while less than 17-18 years and six months of age but at least 10 years of age, is unlawfully absent from school; or is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours; orhours.
- b. A juvenile who is between (i) 17 years and six months of age and (ii) 18 years of age and who is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours."

**SECTION 4.(f)** G.S. 143B-805(20), as amended by Section 3(f) of this act, reads as rewritten:

#### "(20) Undisciplined juvenile. $-\underline{A}$

- a. A-juvenile who, while less than 17–18 years and six months of age but at least 10 years of age, is unlawfully absent from school; or is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours; orhours.
- b. A juvenile who is between (i) 17 years and six months of age and (ii) 18 years of age and who is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours."

1	<b>SECTION 4.(g)</b> Section 8.21 of S.L. 2016-94 is repealed.			
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3		MPLETION RATE INDICATOR FOR SCHOOL PERFORMANCE		
4	GRADES	TYON # ( ) G G 445G 00 45(1)(0):		
5		<b>TION 5.(a)</b> G.S. 115C-83.15(b)(2) is amended by adding a new sub-subdivision		
6	to read:			
7		"i. One half of a point for each percent of students who meet one of the		
8		following criteria within five years of entering high school:		
9		<u>1.</u> <u>Graduate from high school.</u>		
10		<ul> <li>1. Graduate from high school.</li> <li>2. Earn an adult high school diploma.</li> <li>3. Earn an adult high school equivalency diploma."</li> </ul>		
11				
12		<b>TION 5.(b)</b> G.S. 115C-83.16(a)(2)b. is amended by adding a new		
13	sub-sub-subdivis	sion to read:		
14		"5. The percentage of students who meet one of the following		
15		criteria within five years of entering high school:		
16		<u>I.</u> <u>Graduate from high school.</u>		
17		II. Earn an adult high school diploma.		
18		III. Earn an adult high school equivalency diploma."		
19	SEC'	<b>TION 5.(c)</b> G.S. 115C-12 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:		
20	" <u>(27b</u>	Duty to Provide Dropout Data to the State Board of Community Colleges		
21		For the purposes of calculating the high school completion rate required by		
		G.S. 115C-83.15(b)(2)i., by June 15 of each year, the State Board of		
22 23 24		Education shall provide the State Board of Community Colleges with		
24		identifying information for any students who meet the following criteria:		
25		a. The student unenrolled from a public school unit before graduation or		
26		completion of a program of study without transferring to another		
27		secondary school.		
28		b. The student entered high school no more than five years earlier."		
29	SEC'	TION 5.(d) G.S. 115D-5(a2) reads as rewritten:		
30		State Board of Community Colleges shall comply with the following provisions		
31		fficient exchange of information between education agencies in the State:		
32	(1)	The provisions of G.S. 116-11(10a) to plan and implement an exchange of		
33	<u> </u>	information between the public schools and the institutions of higher		
34		education in the State.		
35	<u>(2)</u>	By July 15 of each year, for students included in the data provided pursuant		
36	<del>1/</del>	to G.S. 115C-12(27b), the State Board of Community Colleges shall provide		
37		the State Board of Education with the dates that students earned an adult high		
38		school equivalency diploma."		
39		<del></del>		
40	PART VI. EFF	ECTIVE DATE		
41		<b>TION 6.</b> This act is effective as follows:		
42	(1)	Section 1 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2023, and applies beginning		
43	(-)	with the 2024-2025 school year.		
44	(2)	Section 2 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2024, and applies beginning		
45	(-)	with the 2025-2026 school year.		
46	(3)	Section 3 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2025, and applies beginning		
47	(3)	with the 2026-2027 school year.		
48	(4)	Section 4 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2026, and applies beginning		
49	(.)	with the 2027-2028 school year.		

General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
(5)	Section 5 of this act is effective when it becomes law performance scores and grades issued based on dat school year	1.1

The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law.

(6)