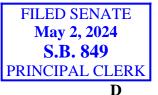
GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023



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SENATE BILL DRS15426-MLf-146

Short Title:	Increase Safe Use of Firearms.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Batch, Garrett, and Grafstein (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:		

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ISSUANCE OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION 3 ORDER TO RESTRICT TEMPORARILY A PERSON'S ACCESS TO FIREARMS IF 4 THERE IS EVIDENCE THAT THE PERSON POSES A DANGER OF PHYSICAL HARM 5 TO SELF OR OTHERS, TO PROMOTE GUN SAFETY BY STRENGTHENING THE 6 LAW GOVERNING THE SAFE STORAGE OF FIREARMS, TO REOUIRE UNIVERSAL 7 BACKGROUND CHECKS, TO MAKE THE STATE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION 8 RESPONSIBLE FOR PISTOL PURCHASE PERMITS, TO REINSTATE THE PERMIT 9 REQUIREMENT TO PURCHASE A PISTOL FOR PRIVATE SALES, AND TO EXEMPT 10 FIREARM SAFETY AND STORAGE ITEMS FROM THE SALES TAX. 11 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 12 13 PART I. REINSTATE THE PISTOL PURCHASE PERMIT REQUIREMENT TO 14 PURCHASE A PISTOL FOR PRIVATE SALES AND MAKE THE STATE BUREAU OF 15 **INVESTIGATION RESPONSIBLE FOR PERMITS** 16 **SECTION 1.(a)** G.S. 14-402 is reenacted as it existed immediately prior to its repeal 17 and reads as rewritten: 18 "§ 14-402. Sale of certain weapons without permit forbidden. 19 (a) It is unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation private person in this State to sell, 20 give away, or transfer, or to purchase or receive, at any place within this State from any other 21 place within or without the State any pistol from any other person other than a federally licensed 22 firearm dealer, unless: (i) a license or permit is first obtained under this Article by the purchaser 23 or receiver from the sheriff of the county in which the purchaser or receiver resides; State Bureau 24 of Investigation; or (ii) a valid North Carolina concealed handgun permit is held under Article 25 54B of this Chapter by the purchaser or receiver who must be a resident of the State at the time 26 of the purchase. 27 It is unlawful for any person or persons to receive from any postmaster, postal clerk, 28 employee in the parcel post department, rural mail carrier, express agent or employee, railroad agent or employee within the State of North Carolina any pistol without having in his or their 29 possession and without exhibiting at the time of the delivery of the same and to the person 30 31 delivering the same the permit from the sheriff-State Bureau of Investigation as provided in G.S. 14-403. G.S. 14-403 or documentation demonstrating that the person is a federally licensed 32 33 firearm dealer. Any person violating the provisions of this section is guilty of a Class 2 34 misdemeanor. 35 (b) This section does not apply to an antique firearm or an historic edged weapon.

- 36
 - The following definitions apply in this Article: (c)



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(1)	Antique firearm. – Defined in G.S. 14-409.11.	
(2),	(3) Repealed by Session Laws 2011-56, s. 1, effective	April 28, 2011.
(4)	Historic edged weapon. – Defined in G.S. 14-409.12.	1 /
(5)	through (7) Repealed by Session Laws 2011-56, s. 1, e.	ffective April 28, 2011.
(8)	Private person. – A person, firm, or corporation who is	-
<u>x_</u>	firearm dealer acting in accordance with federal law.	
<u>(9)</u>	Federally licensed firearm dealer A person who is	-
	U.S.C. § 923 to engage in the business of dealing in fi	
	TON 1.(b) G.S. 14-403 is reenacted as it existed immed	lately prior to its repeal
and reads as rewr		
	nit issued by sheriff; the State Bureau of Investiga	tion; form of permit;
-	ation of permit.	
	of any and all counties of this State Bureau of Investig	
	corporation private person in any county a permit to p	
	ed in this Article from any person, firm, or corporation	
	of the weapon. The permit shall expire five years from the	
	standard form created by the State Bureau of Investigati	
	ha Sheriffs' Association, Investigation, shall be of a unit	
	gned with security features intended to minimize the a	bility to counterfeit or
	nit and shall be set forth as follows:	
North Carolina,		
Count		
	Sheriff of said County, agent of the State Bureau of Ir	
	e conducted a criminal background check of the appli	
	e is in (or) in Townsh	
North Carolina, a	nd have received no information to indicate that it would	d be a violation of State
	the applicant to purchase, transfer, receive, or possess a	• • • •
	ed me as to his, her (or) their good moral character. There	
	purchase one pistol from any person, firm or corpo	oration private person
authorized to disp	pose of the same.	
-	xpires five years from its date of issuance.	
This <u>day</u> c	f,	
		ent of the SBI.
	permit created by this section shall be used statewide by	
all counties and,	when issued by a sheriff, issued, shall also contain an en	mbossed seal unique to
the office of the i		-
SECT	TON 1.(c) G.S. 14-404 is reenacted as it existed immed	iately prior to its repeal
and reads as rewr		•••
"§ 14-404. Issua	nce or refusal of permit; appeal from refusal; ground	ls for refusal; sheriff's
	Bureau of Investigation's fee.	
	application, and such application must be provided by t	he sheriff-State Bureau
_	lectronically, the sheriff State Bureau of Investigation s	
-	county, unless the purpose of the permit is for collecting,	-
	of Investigation can issue a permit to a nonresident,	
	gation has done all of the following:	<u> </u>
(1)	Verified, before the issuance of a permit, by a crimin	nal history background
(-)	investigation that it is not a violation of State or federa	
	to purchase, transfer, receive, or possess a handgun. T	
	of Investigation shall determine the criminal and back	
	applicant by accessing computerized criminal history	

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1	by the State Bureau of Investigation it and the Federal Bureau of Investigation,
2	by conducting a national criminal history records check, by conducting a
3	check through the National Instant Criminal Background Check System
4	(NICS), and by conducting a criminal history check through the
5	Administrative Office of the Courts.
6	(2) Fully satisfied himself or herself itself by affidavits, oral evidence, or
7	otherwise, as to the good moral character of the applicant. For purposes of
8	determining an applicant's good moral character to receive a permit, the sheriff
9	State Bureau of Investigation shall only consider an applicant's conduct and
10	criminal history for the five-year period immediately preceding the date of the
11	application.
12	(3) Fully satisfied himself or herself that the applicant desires the possession of
13	the weapon mentioned for (i) the protection of the home, business, person,
14	family or property, (ii) target shooting, (iii) collecting, or (iv) hunting.
15	(b) If the sheriff-State Bureau of Investigation is not fully satisfied, the sheriff-State
16 17	<u>Bureau of Investigation may</u> , for good cause shown, decline to issue the permit and shall provide to the applicant within seven days of the refusal a written statement of the reason(s) for the
17	refusal. The statement shall cite the specific facts upon which the sheriff-State Bureau of
19	Investigation concluded that the applicant was not qualified for the issuance of a permit and list,
20	by statute number, the applicable law upon which the denial is based. An appeal from the refusal
20	shall lie by way of petition to the superior court in the district in which the application was filed.
22	The determination by the court, on appeal, shall be upon the facts, the law, and the reasonableness
23	of the sheriff's State Bureau of Investigation's refusal, and shall be final.
24	(b1) The sheriff-State Bureau of Investigation shall keep a list of all permit denials, with
25	the specific reasons for the denials noted. The list shall not include any information that would
26	identify the applicant whose application was denied. The list, as described in this subsection,
27	shall be a public record, and the sheriff State Bureau of Investigation shall make the list available
28	upon request to any member of the public. The list shall be organized by the quarters of the year,
29	showing the number of denials and the reasons in each three-month period, and the list shall only
30	be released for past, completed quarters.
31	
32	(e) The <u>sheriff State Bureau of Investigation</u> shall charge for <u>the sheriff's its</u> services upon
33	receipt of an application a fee of five dollars (\$5.00) for each permit requested. There shall be no
34	limit as to the number or frequency of permit applications and no other costs or fees other than
35	provided in this subsection shall be charged for the permit, including, but not limited to, any costs
36 37	for investigation, processing, or medical background checks by the sheriff State Bureau of Investigation or others providing records to the sheriff State Bureau of Investigation
37 38	<u>Investigation</u> or others providing records to the <u>sheriff.State Bureau of Investigation</u> . (e1) The application for a permit shall be on a form created by the State Bureau of
38 39	Investigation in consultation with the North Carolina Sheriffs' Association. Investigation. This
40	application shall be used by all sheriffs statewide and must be provided by the sheriff both
41	electronically and in paper form. Only the following shall be required to be submitted by an
42	applicant for a permit:
43	(1) The permit application developed pursuant to this subsection.
44	(2) Five dollars for each permit requested pursuant to subsection (e) of this
45	section.
46	(3) A government issued identification confirming the identity of the applicant.
47	(4) Proof of residency.
48	(5) A signed release, in a form to be prescribed by the Administrative Office of
49	the Court, that authorizes and requires disclosure to the sheriff State Bureau
50	of Investigation of any court orders concerning the mental health or capacity

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1 2		of the applicant to be used for the sole purpose of determining whether the applicant is disqualified to receive a permit pursuant to this section.	ne
$\frac{2}{3}$	No additional do	cument or evidence shall be required from any applicant.	
4		applicant for a license or permit shall be informed by the sheriff State Burea	211
5		within 14 days of the date of the application whether the license or permit w	
6	-	nied and, if granted, the license or permit shall be immediately issued to the	
7	applicant.	fined and, if granted, the needse of permit shall be miniculately issued to u	ю
8	appricant.		
9	(h) The s	heriff State Bureau of Investigation shall revoke any permit upon the occurrent	Ce
10		ondition subsequent to the issuance of the permit, or the applicant's subseque	
11	•	a requirement under this Article, which would have resulted in a denial of the	
12	-	nitted to obtain the permit if the event, condition, or the applicant's curre	
13		a statutory requirement had existed at the time of the application and prior	
14	•	the permit. The following procedures apply to a revocation:	10
15	(1)	The sheriff State Bureau of Investigation shall provide written notice to the	he
16	(1)	permittee, pursuant to the provisions of G.S. 1A-1, Rule $4(j)$, that the perm	
17		is revoked upon the service of the notice. The notice shall provide the	
18		permittee with information on the process to appeal the revocation.	
19	(2)	Upon receipt of the written notice of revocation, the permittee shall surrend	er
20		the permit to the sheriff. State Bureau of Investigation. Any law enforceme	
21		officer serving the notice is authorized to take immediate possession of the	
22		permit from the permittee. If the notice is served by means other than by a la	
23		enforcement officer, the permittee shall surrender the permit to the sheri	
24		State Bureau of Investigation no later than 48 hours after service of the notic	e.
25	(3)	The sheriff-State Bureau of Investigation shall insure that the list of permi	ts
26		which have been revoked is immediately updated so that any potenti	al
27		transferor calling to check the validity of the permit will be informed of the	ne
28		revocation.	
29	(4)	A permittee may appeal the revocation of a permit pursuant to this subsection	
30		by petitioning a district court judge of the district in which the permitte	ee
31		resides.	
32	(5)	Any person who willfully fails to surrender a permit upon notice of revocation)n
33		shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.	
34 35	• • • •	son or entity shall promptly disclose to the sheriff, State Bureau of Investigation	
35 36		n by the applicant or sheriff <u>State Bureau of Investigation</u> of an original as form described in subdivision (5) of subsection (e1) of this section, any cou	
30 37		g the mental health or capacity of the applicant who signed the release form."	
38		FION 1.(d) G.S. 14-405 is reenacted as it existed immediately prior to its repe	
39	and reads as rew		ui
40		rd of permits kept by sheriff; <u>State Bureau of Investigation;</u> confidentiali	tv
41		rmit information.	
42	-	heriff-State Bureau of Investigation shall keep a record of all permits issue	ed
43		, including the name, date, place of residence, age, former place of residence	
44	etc., of each such	person, firm, or corporation private person to whom or which a permit is issue	d.
45	The record shall	include the date that a permit was revoked, the date that the permittee receive	ed
46		ocation, whether the permit was surrendered, and the reason for the revocation	
47		ecords maintained by the sheriff State Bureau of Investigation pursuant to the	
48		dential and are not a public record under G.S. 132-1; provided, however, that the	
49 50		eau of Investigation shall make the records available upon request to any federa	
50		aw enforcement agencies and shall also make the records available to the cou	
51	if the records are	required to be released pursuant to a court order. Any application to a court for	or

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1 2 3	release of the list of permit holders and permit application information sl the chief judge of the district court for the district in which the person se resides."	• •
4	SECTION 1.(e) G.S. 14-407.1 is reenacted as it existed in	mediately prior to its
5	repeal and reads as rewritten:	intediatery prior to its
6	"§ 14-407.1. Sale of blank cartridge pistols.	
7	The provisions of G.S. 14-402, 14-405, and 14-406 shall apply to the	sale of pistols suitable
8	for firing blank cartridges. The sheriffs of all the counties of this State are I	
9	is authorized and may in their discretion issue to any person, firm or corpo	
10	in any such county, a license or permit to purchase or receive any pistol s	
11	cartridges from any person, firm or corporation private person offering to	
12	same, which said permit shall be in substantially the following form:	1
13	North Carolina	
14	County	
15	I,, Clerk of the Superior Court of said county,	do hereby certify that
16	, whose place of residence is Street in	(or)
17	in Township in County, North Car	olina, having this day
18	satisfied me that the possession of a pistol suitable for firing blank cartri	dges will be used only
19	for lawful purposes, a permit is therefore given saidt	
20	from any person, firm or corporation private person authorized to disp	pose of the same, this
21	day of,	
22		
23	Sheriff <u>SBI</u>	
24	The sheriff State Bureau of Investigation shall charge for the sher	<u>iff's its</u> services, upon
25	issuing such permit, a fee of fifty cents $(50¢)$."	
26	SECTION 1.(f) G.S. 14-408.1 reads as rewritten:	• 1
27	"§ 14-408.1. Solicit unlawful purchase of firearm; unlawful to pro	
28 29	 (a) information regarding legality of firearm or ammunition t (b) The following definitions apply in this section: 	ransier.
29 30	 (a) The following definitions apply in this section: (1) Ammunition. – Any cartridge, shell, or projectile design 	ad for use in a firearm
31	 (1) Animumuon. – Any cartridge, shen, or projectile design (2) Firearm. – A handgun, shotgun, or rifle which expels a 	
32	an explosion.	projectile by action of
33	(3) Handgun. – A pistol, revolver, or other gun that ha	s a short stock and is
34	designed to be held and fired by the use of a single har	
35	(4) <u>Licensed dealer. Federally licensed firearm dealer.</u> – A	
36	pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 923 to engage in the business	
37	(5) Materially false information. – Information that portray	
38	as legal or a legal transaction as illegal.	
39	(6) Private seller. – A person who sells or offers for sale a	any firearm, as defined
40	in G.S. 14-409.39, or ammunition.	
41	(b) Any person who knowingly solicits, persuades, encourages,	or entices a licensed
42	dealer federally licensed firearm dealer or private seller of firearms or an	nmunition to transfer a
43	firearm or ammunition under circumstances that the person knows would	violate the laws of this
44	State or the United States is guilty of a Class F felony.	
45	(c) Any person who provides to a licensed dealer federally lice	
46	private seller of firearms or ammunition information that the person know	-
47	information with the intent to deceive the dealer or seller about the leg	ality of a transfer of a
48	firearm or ammunition is guilty of a Class F felony.	
49	(d) Any person who willfully procures another to engage in cond	fuct prohibited by this
50	section shall be held accountable as a principal	

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1	(e) This	section does not apply to a law enforcement officer acting	g in his or her official		
2		capacity or to a person acting at the direction of the law enforcement officer."			
3		SECTION 1.(g) G.S. 14-315(b1)(1) is reenacted as it existed immediately prior to			
4	its repeal.		1 1		
5		TION 1.(h) G.S. 122C-54(d2) is reenacted as it existed in	imediately prior to its		
6 7	repeal and reads		actions manufal health		
8	· · /	record of involuntary commitment for inpatient or output			
9	Criminal Backgr	treatment or for substance abuse treatment required to be reported to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) by G.S. 14-409.43 shall be accessible only by the			
10		eriff's designee State Bureau of Investigation for the pu			
11	•	cks under G.S. 14-404 and shall remain otherwise confid	ential as provided by		
12	this Article."		1 1 4 4 1		
13		TION 1.(i) This Part is effective when it becomes law a transformed surplaced on an often that data	and applies to pistols		
14 15	sold, given away	v, transferred, purchased, or received on or after that date.			
15 16	DADT II DEAI	UIRE UNIVERSAL BACKGROUND CHECKS			
10	•	TION 2.(a) Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amen	ded by adding a new		
18	Article to read:	1101 2.(a) Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amen	ded by adding a new		
10 19	Anticle to read.	"Article 53D.			
20		"Universal Background Check.			
21	" <u>§ 14-409.48.</u> S				
22		shall be known and may be cited as the "North Carolina L	Jniversal Background		
23	Check Act."	<u> </u>	<i>Q</i>		
24	" <u>§ 14-409.4</u> 9. D	efinitions.			
25	The followin	g definitions apply in this Article:			
26	<u>(1)</u>	Federally licensed firearm dealer A person who is licensed firearm dealer.	censed pursuant to 18		
27		U.S.C. § 923 to engage in the business of dealing in fire	arms.		
28	<u>(2)</u>	<u>Firearm. – A handgun, shotgun, or rifle which expels a p</u>	projectile by action of		
29		an explosion.			
30	<u>(3)</u>	Materially false information. – Information that portrays	an illegal transaction		
31		as legal or a legal transaction as illegal.			
32	<u>(4)</u>	Private person. – A person, firm, or corporation who is no	ot a federally licensed		
33		firearm dealer acting in accordance with federal law.	11 11 1 01		
34		Background checks for the sales of firearms - federa	<u>Illy licensed firearm</u>		
35	<u>deale</u>		1.1'		
36		derally licensed firearm dealer may not sell, transfer, or c	-		
37 38		on without conducting a background check as provided for the prior of state or federal law			
38 39	to possess the fir	•	<u>for the private person</u>		
40		dition to any other applicable state or federal law, it shall b	e unlawful for any of		
41		rsons to possess a firearm:	<u>/c uniawith for any or</u>		
42	(1)	One who is under an indictment or information for, or l	has been convicted in		
43	<u>\17</u>	any state or in any court of the United States of, a felony			
44		pertaining to antitrust violations, unfair trade practices,			
45	<u>(2)</u>	One who is a fugitive from justice.			
46	(3)	One who is an unlawful user of or addicted to marijua	na or any depressant.		
47	<u>x-</u>	stimulant, or narcotic drug (as defined in 21 U.S.C. § 80			
48	<u>(4)</u>	One who has been adjudicated mentally incompetent or			
49		to any mental institution.			
50	<u>(5)</u>	One who is an alien illegally or unlawfully in the United	d States.		

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1	<u>(6)</u>	One who has been discharged from the Armed Fo	orces of the United States
2		under dishonorable conditions.	
3	<u>(7)</u>	One who, having been a citizen of the United States	s, has renounced his or her
4		citizenship.	
5	<u>(8)</u>	One who is subject to a court order that:	
5		a. Was issued after a hearing of which the pers	son received actual notice,
7		and at which the person had an opportunity	to participate.
3		b. Restrains the person from harassing, sta	lking, or threatening an
)		intimate partner of the person or child of t	he intimate partner of the
)		person, or engaging in other conduct that	would place an intimate
		partner in reasonable fear of bodily injury to	the partner or child.
		c. Includes a finding that the person represen	ts a credible threat to the
		physical safety of the intimate partner of	or child, or by its terms
		explicitly prohibits the use, attempted us	se, or threatened use of
		physical force against the intimate parts	ner or child that would
		reasonably be expected to cause bodily inju-	<u>ry.</u>
	(c) In or	der to comply with the background check required	by subsection (a) of this
	section, the feder	rally licensed firearm dealer must:	
	<u>(1)</u>	Verify the private person's identity by examination	ing a government-issued
		identification card.	
	<u>(2)</u>	Conduct a check through the National Instant Cri	minal Background Check
		<u>System (NICS).</u>	
	<u>(d)</u> <u>It is u</u>	inlawful for a federally licensed firearm dealer to se	ll, transfer, or deliver any
	firearm to any o	ther person if a NICS check reveals that the possess	ion of any firearm by the
	person would via	plate state or federal law or if the federally licensed fin	rearm dealer knows or has
		that the private person is prohibited from possessin	g any firearm by state or
	federal law.		
		a Class F felony for any federally licensed firearm	
		rm to any person in violation of this Article. It is a Cla	• • •
		naterially false information to a federally licensed fire	arm dealer with the intent
		m in violation of state or federal law.	
		ackground checks required for the sales of firearn	
		ll be unlawful for a private person to transfer any fin	
	-	conducting a background check of that person three	
		is provided by G.S. 14-409.50(c) and the federally	<u>licensed firearm dealer</u>
		e transfer would not violate state or federal law.	
		erally licensed firearm dealer may charge a fee for co	onducting the background
	-	y subsection (a) of this section.	
		he purposes of this section, "transfer" means assi	
		giving away, or otherwise disposing of, but does	s not include any of the
	following:		
	<u>(1)</u>	The loan of a firearm for any lawful purpose, for a	± •
		by the owner of the firearm to a person known pers	•
	<u>(2)</u>	A temporary transfer for any lawful purpose t	
		continuous presence of the owner of the firearm, if the	ne temporary transfer does
		not exceed 24 hours in duration.	1.0.1.
	<u>(3)</u>	The transfer of a firearm for repair, service, or n	
		gunsmith or other person lawfully engaged in su	ch activities as a regular
		course of trade or business.	

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	(4)	A transfer that occurs by operation of law or bec	ause of the death of a person
	<u>x</u>	· ·	±
(d)	This s		e private person the firearm
		• • •	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
-	-	· · ·	s F felony."
<u></u>			
transfers o			
PART II	I. STH	RENGTHEN THE LAW GOVERNING TH	E SAFE STORAGE OF
		TON 3.(a) G.S. 14-315.1 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 14-315.			of firearms.
(a)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
and stores	• 1	1	1
charge of t	the min	or and the minor:	
	(1)	Possesses it in violation of G.S. 14-269.2(b);	
	(2)	Exhibits it in a public place in a careless, angry,	or threatening manner;
	(3)	Causes personal injury or death with it not in sel	f defense; or
	(4)	Uses it in the commission of a crime.	
<u>(a1)</u>	<u>Any p</u>	erson who resides in the same premises as an up	nauthorized person, owns or
-			
	-		
		f the unauthorized person gains access to the f	irearm and does any of the
following:			
	<u>(1)</u>		
			-
			<u>f-defense.</u>
<i></i> .			
· · ·			
• •	laced 11	n such close proximity that it can be used as easily	y and quickly as if carried on
•			
			<u>I person</u> obtained the firearm
. ,	- Mine	f as used in this section means a life following	ing definitions apply in this
section:	(1)	Miner American den 10 merer efter en heter	
			-
	<u>(2)</u>		forized to purchase a firearm
	SECT		wher 1 2024 and applies to
offenses			iber 1, 2024, and applies to
offenses co	ommu	eu oli ol alter tilat date.	
рарт н	7	TUODIZE THE ISSUANCE OF EVIDEN	IF DISK DDATECTION
		HIGHLE THE ISSUANCE OF EATREM	IL NIGK I KUILUIIUN
ONDERO		TON 4.(a) The General Statutes are amended by a	dding a new Chapter to read:
			and a new chapter to read.
	(d) being tran grandparen brother-in- (e) transfers of PART II FIREARN " § 14-315. (a) and stores manner tha gain access access to the charge of the charge of the charge of the charge of the charge of the body, or p the body. (c) as a result (d) section:	(d) This s (d) This s being transferred grandparent, chill brother-in-law, sp (e) Any v SECT transfers of firear PART III. STHEFIREARMS PART III. STEFIREARMS SECT "§ 14-315.1. Stee (a) (a) Any p and stores or leave manner that the p gain access to the fire charge of the min (1) (2) (3) (4) (a1) Any p possesses a firear in an appropriate Class D felony if following: (1) (2) (3) (4) (b) Nothin body, or placed in the body. (c) This s as a result of an u (d) (d) "Mino Section: (1) (2) (2) (3) (4) (b) Nothin body, or placed in the body. (c) This s as a result of an u (d)	for whom the prospective transferor is an exe- estate or a trustee of a trust created in a will. (d) This section does not apply to transactions in which th being transferred to is a parent, mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandparent, child, daughter-in-law, son-in-law, stepchild, grand brother-in-law, spouse, or civil union partner of the private person. (e) Any violation of this section shall be punished as a Class SECTION 2.(b) This Part becomes effective Decem transfers of firearms that occur on or after that date. PART III. STRENGTHEN THE LAW GOVERNING THE FIREARMS SECTION 3.(a) G.S. 14-315.1 reads as rewritten: "\$ 14-315.1. Storage of firearms to protect minors.Safe storage (a) Any person who resides in the same premises as a minor, and stores or leaves the firearm (i) in a condition that the firearm cr manner that the person knew or should have known that an unsuper gain access to the firearm, is guilty of a Class - I-misdemeanor-Cla access to the firearm without the lawful permission of the minor? charge of the minor and the minor: (1) Possesses it in violation of G.S. 14-269.2(b); (2) Exhibits it in a public place in a careless, angry, (3) Causes personal injury or death with it not in set (4) Uses it in the commission of a crime. (a1) Any person who resides in the same premises as an u possesses a firearm, and stores or leaves the firearm without having in an appropriate safe storage depository or rendered it incapable (2) Exhibits it in a public place in a careless, angry, (3) Causes personal injury or death with it not in set (4) Uses it in the commission of a crime. (b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a person from car body, or placed in such close proximity that it can be used as easily the body. (c) This section shall not apply if the minor or unauthorized as a result of an unlawful entry by any person. (d) "Minor" as used in this section means a The following section: (i) Minor.—A person under 18 years of age who is (2) Unauthorized person.—A person who is not auth under state or federal l

1					
2 3	" <u>§ 50E-1. Title of Chapter.</u> <u>This Chapter may be cited as the "Extreme Risk Protection Orders Act."</u>				
4	"§ 50E-2. Legislative findings and purpose.				
5	(a) Legislative Findings. – The General Assembly finds all of the following:				
6	(1) Every year, over 100,000 people are victims of gunshot wounds and more than				
7	30,000 of those victims lose their lives.				
8	(2) Individuals who pose a danger to themselves or others often exhibit signs that				
9	alert family, household members, or law enforcement to the threat. Many mass				
10	shooters displayed warning signs prior to the killings, but federal and State				
11	laws provided no clear legal process to suspend the shooters' access to guns,				
12	even temporarily.				
13	(b) Purpose. – The purpose of this Chapter is to reduce gun deaths and injuries, while				
14	respecting constitutional rights, by providing a court procedure for concerned citizens and law				
15	enforcement to obtain an order temporarily restricting a person's access to firearms. The court				
16	orders authorized under this Chapter are intended to be limited to situations in which the person				
17	poses a significant danger of harming themselves or others by possessing a firearm and include				
18	standards and safeguards to protect the rights of respondents and due process of law.				
19	" <u>§ 50E-3. Definitions.</u>				
20	The following definitions apply in this Chapter:				
21	(1) Extreme Risk Protection Order or ERPO. – An order granted under this				
22	Chapter, which includes a remedy authorized under G.S. 50E-6.				
23	(2) Family or household member. – Any of the following:				
24	<u>a.</u> <u>A person related by blood, marriage, or adoption to the respondent.</u>				
25	b. <u>A dating partner of the respondent.</u>				
26 27	c. <u>A person who has a child in common with the respondent, regardless</u>				
27	of whether the person has been married to the respondent or has lived				
28 29	<u>together with the respondent at any time.</u> <u>d.</u> <u>A domestic partner of the respondent.</u>				
30	 <u>A domestic partner of the respondent.</u> <u>A person who has a biological or legal parent-child relationship with</u> 				
31	the respondent, including stepparents, stepchildren, grandparents, and				
32	grandchildren.				
33	f. A person who is acting or has acted as the respondent's legal guardian.				
34	(3) Firearm. – Any weapon, including a starter gun, which will or is designed to				
35	or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive,				
36	or its frame or receiver.				
37	(4) Petitioner. – The person who petitions for an ERPO under this Chapter.				
38	(5) <u>Respondent. – The person who is identified as the respondent in a petition</u>				
39	filed under this Chapter.				
40	" <u>§ 50E-4. Commencement of action.</u>				
41	(a) <u>Petition. – Either of the following may file a verified petition in district court for an</u>				
42	Extreme Risk Protection Order:				
43	(1) <u>A family or household member.</u>				
44	(2) <u>A law enforcement officer or agency.</u>				
45	(b) Filing Location. – A petition for an ERPO under this Chapter may be filed in any				
46	county permitted under G.S. 1-82.				
47	(c) <u>Required Information in Petition. – A petition for an ERPO under this Chapter shall</u>				
48	include all of the following: (1) An allocation that the respondent passes a danger of physical harm to calf or				
49 50	(1) An allegation that the respondent poses a danger of physical harm to self or others by having in his or her care, custody, possession, ownership, or control				
50 51	others by having in his or her care, custody, possession, ownership, or control a firearm. If the petitioner is seeking an ex parte ERPO, the petition shall				
51	a meann. If the pentioner is seeking an ex parte EKFO, the pention shan				

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1	include an allegation that the respondent poses an imminent d	anger of physical
2	harm to self or others by having in his or her care, cust	
3	ownership, or control a firearm. The allegation required unde	• •
4	shall include facts to support the allegation.	
5	(2) An identification, to the best of the petitioner's knowledge	of the number
6	types, and locations of firearms under the respondent's custo	
7	(3) An identification of any existing protection order under Sta	•
8	the respondent.	
9	(4) <u>An identification of any pending lawsuits, complaints, pending lawsuits</u>	etitions or other
10	actions between the petitioner and the respondent.	<u>Autoris, or other</u>
11	(d) <u>Corroborating Evidence. – A petition for an ERPO under this</u>	Chapter shall be
12	accompanied by either (i) a written statement made by a witness other than the	_
12	states specific facts supporting the allegation set forth in the petition or (ii) an	
13 14	recording of the incident the petitioner is using as the basis for seeking an I	
15	Chapter. A written statement provided under this subsection shall include the national statement provided under this subsection shall include the national statement provided under this subsection shall include the national statement provided under this subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection shall include the national statement provided under the subsection statement provide	
16	and a description of the witness's relationship to the petitioner.	the of the withess
17	(e) <u>Verification of Terms of Existing Orders. – The clerk of court shall</u>	verify the terms
18	of any existing protection orders governing the petitioner and respondent. The	-
19	delay granting relief because of the existence of a pending action between the	
20	respondent or the necessity of verifying the terms of an existing protection ord	
20	an ERPO under this Chapter may be granted whether or not there is a pending	
22	the petitioner and respondent.	<u>z dettoit between</u>
23	(f) <u>Nondisclosure of Address. – A petitioner with a current and </u>	t valid Address
23	<u>Confidentiality Program authorization card issued pursuant to the provisions o</u>	
25	the General Statutes may use the substitute address designated by the Address	
26	Program when filing with the court any document required under this Chapter.	<u>s connachtanty</u>
27	(g) Court Costs and Attorneys' Fees. – No court costs or attorneys' fees	shall be assessed
28	for the filing or service of the petition, or the service of any ERPOs, except	
29	G.S. 1A-1, Rule 11.	
30	(h) Electronic Filing. – All documents filed, issued, registered, or ser	ved in an action
31	under this Chapter relating to an ERPO may be filed electronically.	<u> </u>
32	"§ 50E-5. Process.	
33	(a) Summons Required. – Except as otherwise provided in G.S. 50E-7.	a petition for an
34	ERPO requires that a summons be issued and served not later than five days pr	÷
35	for the full ERPO hearing. Attachments to the summons shall include the petition	
36	any ex parte ERPO that has been issued and the notice of hearing on the ex parte	
37	description of what an ERPO is.	
38	(b) Service of the Summons and Attachments. – The clerk of court shall	l effect service of
39	the summons and any attachments through the appropriate law enforcement a	
40	respondent is to be served.	<u> </u>
41	"§ 50E-6. ERPO requirements; remedy; mental health or chemical depend	ency evaluation.
42	(a) Required Information in ERPO. – An ERPO issued under this Chap	
43	all of the following:	
44	(1) A statement of the grounds supporting issuance of the ERPC).
45	(2) The date and time the ERPO was issued.	
46	(3) The date and time the ERPO expires.	
47	(4) Whether a mental health evaluation or chemical dependency	evaluation of the
48	respondent is required.	
49	(5) The address of the court in which any responsive pleading m	nay be filed.
50	(6) A description of the requirements for relinquishment and	
51	firearms, ammunition, permits to purchase firearms, and	-

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	concealed firearms that are in the care, custody, ownership, o	r control of the
	respondent.	
<u>(7</u>		PO
(8		
<u>(</u>	misdemeanor.	
(b) R	emedy Granted. – Upon issuance of an ERPO, including an ex p	arte ERPO. the
	der the respondent to surrender to the sheriff all firearms, ammuni	
	earms, and permits to carry concealed firearms that are in the	· ·
*	wnership, or control of the respondent.	<u>eare</u> , easteay,
-	lental Health or Chemical Dependency Evaluation. – During a hearing	ng for issuance
	the court shall consider whether a mental health evaluation or chemi	-
	the respondent is appropriate and may order the respondent to und	
if appropriate		<u>ergo evaluation</u>
· · · ·	<u></u> earing and issuance of an ex parte Extreme Risk Protection Ord	ler.
	earing. – Upon receipt of a petition for an ex parte ERPO, the co	
	erson on the day the petition is filed or the judicial day immediatel	
day the petiti		y tonowing the
	rder. – If the court finds by clear, cogent, and convincing evi	dence that the
	oses an imminent danger of causing physical injury to self or others	
	ly a firearm, a judge or magistrate of district court may issue an	
	ing for a full ERPO and without evidence of service of process or n	-
	equirements. – An ex parte ERPO granted without notice shall :	
following rec	· · ·	ineet an or the
<u>10110willg let</u>		
$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$		
<u>(2</u>	record.	
(3		O was granted
<u>(</u>	without notice.	<u>O was granieu</u>
()		aquirad under
<u>(4</u>	G.S. 50E-6(a).	equilea under
(5		nt of time ofter
<u>()</u>		<u>int of time after</u>
(6	entry, not to exceed the limits set forth in G.S. 50E-10(a).	outo EDDO
(d)		
	ppearance by Respondent. – If the respondent appears in court for	
	O, the respondent may elect to file a general appearance and testify	
•	e an exparte ERPO governed by this section. Notwithstanding the f all requirements of G.S. 50F.8 have been met the court may issue	-
	f all requirements of G.S. 50E-8 have been met, the court may issue ourt Out of Session When the court is not in session, the patition	
	ourt Out of Session. – When the court is not in session, the petition	-
· · ·	RPO before any judge or magistrate designated to grant relief unde	
	magistrate finds that the requirements of subsection (a) of this sec	
	ge or magistrate may issue an ex parte ERPO. The chief district c	
	each county at least one judge or magistrate to be reasonably avail	able to issue ex
*	when the court is not in session.	at to only a sti-
	ideo Conference. – Hearings held to consider ex parte relief pursual	in to subsection
	ction may be held via video conference.	
	earing and issuance of a full Extreme Risk Protection Order.	no loton them 10
	earing. – A court shall hold a hearing on a petition for a full ERPO	no later than 10
	her of the following dates:	
$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$		
<u>(2</u>		ie petition for a
	full ERPO was filed with the court.	

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A con	tinuand	e shall be limited to one extension o	f no more than 10 days unless all parties
consent or good cause is shown.			
<u>(b)</u>	-		all of the following requirements are met:
<u>(0)</u>	(1)	-	of the evidence that the respondent poses
	(1)		
			to self or others by having in his or her
	(2)	<u>custody a firearm.</u>	
	<u>(2)</u>	_	ent in accordance with the requirements of
	(2)	this Article.	a 17, 1, 1, 1, 1
	<u>(3)</u>		the respondent in accordance with the
"	G	requirements of this Article.	
		nder, retrieval, and disposal of fire	
<u>(a)</u>	-	-	n ERPO, the respondent shall immediately
		-	unition, permits to purchase firearms, and
	-		custody, possession, ownership, or control
	_		be surrendered at the time the ERPO is
	-		ammunitions, and permits to the sheriff
			d by the sheriff. The sheriff shall store the
firearms o		act with a licensed firearm dealer to p	
<u>(b)</u>		=	statement of the petitioner or the sheriff
			the surrender of firearms required under
subsection	<u>n (a) of</u>	this section, the court shall determine	e whether probable cause exists to believe
that the re	sponde	ent has failed to surrender all firearm	s in his or her care, custody, possession,
ownership	o, or co	ntrol. If probable cause exists, the c	court shall issue a warrant describing the
firearms a	nd auth	orizing (i) a search of the locations w	where the firearms are reasonably believed
to be and	(ii) seiz	zure of any firearms discovered pursua	ant to the search.
<u>(c)</u>	<u>Recei</u>	pt. – At the time of surrender or se	eizure, the sheriff taking possession of a
firearm sh	all issu	e a receipt identifying all firearms that	t have been surrendered or seized and shall
provide a	copy o	of the receipt to the respondent. With	nin 48 hours after issuing the receipt, the
officer sha	all file	the original receipt with the court an	d shall also retain a copy for the sheriff's
records.			
(d)	Fee	The sheriff may charge the responde	ent a reasonable fee for the storage of any
firearms a			. The fees are payable to the sheriff. The
		-	county finance officer. The fees shall be
		-	his section and for other law enforcement
		- · ·	for these purposes only. The sheriff shall
<u> </u>			t a court order granting the release. The
		-	rized return of any firearms, ammunition,
-		-	criminal liability for alleged damage or
		•	earms or ammunition held pursuant to this
section.		to storage of transportation of any me	curitis of uninfidiation hold pursuant to time
(e)	Retrie	$rac{1}{2}$ val $-$ If the court does not enter a ful	l ERPO when the ex parte ERPO expires,
			to the sheriff unless the court finds that the
-		• • •	possessing a firearm pursuant to State or
federal lay		termise precided from owning of p	bossessing a meanin pursuant to state of
(f)		on for Return The respondent m	nay request the return of any firearms,
<u></u>			a with the court no later than 90 days after
	-		
-			hat the respondent is otherwise precluded
		• •	or federal law, all firearms, ammunition,
-		• •	rned within 30 days of the date the motion
was receiv	ed by i	ne court.	

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1	(g) Motion for Return by Third Party. – A third-party owner of firearms or ammunition
2	who is otherwise eligible to possess the items may file a motion requesting the return to the third
3	party of any of the items in the possession of the sheriff surrendered or seized as a result of the
4	entry of an ERPO. The motion must be filed not later than 30 days after the surrender or seizure
5	of the items by the sheriff. The third-party owner shall also (i) provide proof of ownership of the
6	firearms or ammunition and (ii) certify that the third-party owner shall not allow the respondent
7	to have access to the firearms or ammunition. Upon receipt of the third party's motion, the court
8	shall schedule a hearing and provide written notice to all parties and the sheriff. The court shall
9	order return of the items to the third party unless the third-party owner fails to provide proof of
10	ownership or certification as required under this subsection, or the court determines that the third
11	party is disqualified from owning or possessing the items pursuant to State or federal law. If the
12	court orders the return of the items to the third party, the third party is not required to pay any
13	fees imposed under subsection (d) of this section. If the court denies the return of the items to the
14	third party, the items shall be disposed of by the sheriff as provided in subsection (h) of this
15	section.
16	(h) Disposal of Firearms. – If the respondent or a third-party owner does not file a motion
17	within the applicable time period prescribed by this section requesting the return of any
18	surrendered firearms, ammunition, or permits, if the court determines that the respondent or
19	third-party owner is precluded from regaining possession of any surrendered firearms,
20	ammunition, or permits, or if the respondent fails to remit all fees owed for the storage of the
21	firearms or ammunition within 30 days of the entry of the order granting the return of the
22	firearms, ammunition, or permits, the sheriff who has control of the firearms, ammunition, or
23	permits shall give notice to the respondent and the sheriff shall apply to the court for an order of
24	disposition of the firearms, ammunition, or permits. The judge, after a hearing, may order the
25	sheriff in possession, or the sheriff's duly authorized agent, to destroy the firearms, ammunition,
26	and permits, or to dispose of the firearms, ammunition, and permits in one or more of the ways
27	authorized by law, including subdivision (4b), (5), or (6) of G.S. 14-269.1. The sheriff shall
28	maintain a record of any firearms, ammunition, and permits destroyed in accordance with this
29	subsection. If a sale by the sheriff does occur, any proceeds from the sale after deducting any
30	costs associated with the storage and sale, and, in accordance with all applicable State and federal
31	law, shall be provided to the respondent if requested by the respondent by motion made before
32	the hearing or at the hearing and if ordered by the judge.
33	" <u>§ 50E-10. Duration; renewal of ERPOs.</u>
34	(a) Duration of Ex Parte ERPO. – Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an ex
35	parte ERPO shall be effective until the date a hearing is held under G.S. 50E-8. If a hearing is
36	not held or a continuance was not granted, an ex parte ERPO shall be effective for not more than
37	10 days from the date the ex parte ERPO was issued.
38	(b) Duration of Full ERPO. – A full ERPO shall be effective for a fixed period of time
39	not to exceed one year.
40	(c) Renewal. – Any ERPO may be renewed one or more times, as required, provided that
41	the requirements of G.S. 50E-7 or G.S. 50E-8, as appropriate, are satisfied. The court may renew
42	an ERPO, including an ERPO that previously has been renewed, upon a motion by the petitioner
43	filed before the expiration of the current ERPO. Upon a motion for a renewal, the court shall hold
44	a hearing no later than 10 days after the date the motion is filed in court. The court may renew
45	an ex parte ERPO if the court finds by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence that there has been
46	no material change in relevant circumstances since entry of the ex parte ERPO. The court may
47	renew a full ERPO if the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that there has been no
48	material change in relevant circumstances since entry of the full ERPO. The commission of an
49	act of unlawful conduct by the respondent after entry of the current ERPO is not required for an
50	ERPO to be renewed. If the motion for renewal is uncontested and the petitioner seeks no
51	modification of the ERPO, the ERPO may be renewed if the petitioner's motion or affidavit states

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2023 1 that there has been no material change in relevant circumstances since entry of the ERPO and 2 states the reason for the requested renewal. Renewals may be granted only in open court. 3 Expiration Date. – An ERPO expiring on a day the court is not open for business shall (d) 4 expire in accordance with the provisions of Rule 6(a) of the Rules of Civil Procedure, G.S. 1A-1. 5 § 50E-11. Termination of an Extreme Risk Protection Order. 6 (a) Motion. – The respondent may request the termination of a full ERPO by filing a 7 motion with the court. The respondent may submit no more than one motion for termination for 8 every 12-month period the full ERPO is in effect, starting from the date of the full ERPO and 9 continuing through any renewals. 10 Hearing. - Upon receipt of a request for a hearing to terminate a full ERPO, the court (b) shall set a date for a hearing. Notice of the request for a hearing shall be served on the petitioner 11 12 in accordance with Rule 4 of the Rules of Civil Procedure, G.S. 1A-1. The court shall set the date 13 for the hearing no sooner than 14 days and no later than 30 days from the date of service of the 14 request upon the petitioner. 15 (c) Burden of Proof; Termination. – The respondent shall have the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the respondent does not pose a danger of causing physical 16 17 injury to self or others by having in his or her care, custody, possession, ownership, or control a 18 firearm. If the court finds after the hearing that the respondent has met his or her burden, the 19 court shall terminate the full ERPO. 20 "§ 50E-12. Notice. 21 Notice to Law Enforcement; Entry into National Database. - The clerk of court shall (a) 22 deliver on the same day that an ERPO is issued a certified copy of that ERPO to the sheriff of 23 the county in which the ERPO is issued. Any order extending, modifying, or revoking an ERPO 24 shall be promptly delivered to the sheriff by the clerk and served in a manner provided for service 25 of process in accordance with the provisions of this section. The sheriff shall provide for prompt 26 entry of the ERPO into the National Crime Information Center registry and shall provide for 27 access of such orders to the courts on a 24-hour-a-day basis. Modifications, terminations, 28 renewals, and dismissals of the ERPO shall also be promptly entered. A copy of the ERPO shall 29 be issued promptly to and retained by the police department of the municipality of the petitioner's 30 residence. If the petitioner's residence is not located in a municipality or in a municipality with 31 no police department, copies shall be issued promptly to and retained by the sheriff of the county 32 in which the petitioner's residence is located. 33 Notice to Respondent. - If the respondent was not present in court when the ERPO (b)34 was issued, the respondent may be served in the manner provided for service of process in civil 35 proceedings in accordance with Rule 4(j) of the Rules of Civil Procedure, G.S. 1A-1. If the summons has not yet been served upon the respondent, it shall be served with the ERPO. Law 36 37 enforcement agencies shall accept receipt of copies of the ERPO issued by the clerk of court by 38 electronic transmission for service on respondents. 39 Notice to Third Parties. - If the petitioner for an ERPO is a law enforcement officer (c) 40 or agency, the officer or agency shall make a good-faith effort to provide notice of the petition to any known third party who may be at risk of unlawful conduct from the respondent. 41 42 "§ 50E-13. Prohibition; violation. 43 Prohibition. - It is unlawful for any person to possess, purchase, or receive, or attempt (a) 44 to possess, purchase, or receive, a firearm, ammunition, or permits to purchase or carry concealed 45 firearms, for so long as an ERPO entered against that person in accordance with this Chapter is 46 in effect. 47 Violation. – A person who violates subsection (a) of this section or any other term of (b) 48 an ERPO entered pursuant to this Chapter is guilty of a Class A1 misdemeanor. 49 "§ 50E-14. False statement regarding ERPO a misdemeanor.

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A person who	howingly makes a false statement when petitioni	ing for an ERPO under this			
Chapter, or who	knowingly makes a false statement to a law enforce	ment agency or officer that			
an ERPO entered	pursuant to this Chapter remains in effect, is guilty	of a Class 2 misdemeanor.			
	edies not exclusive.				
	provided by this Chapter are not exclusive but are a	additional to other remedies			
provided under la					
2	er authority retained.				
	does not affect the ability of a law enforcement of	fficer to remove a firearm.			
	se firearms, or permit to carry concealed firearms fr				
	eizure for firearms, pursuant to other lawful authorit				
"§ 50E-17. Liab		<u> </u>			
	ovided in G.S. 50E-13 or G.S. 50E-14, this Chapter	shall not be interpreted to			
	inal or civil liability on any person or entity for a				
	RPO, including reporting, declining to report, i				
	, or declining to file a petition under this Chapter."	in the second se			
	TION 4.(b) Chapter 15C of the General Statutes rea	ads as rewritten:			
	"Chapter 15C.				
	"Address Confidentiality Program.				
"§ 15C-1. Purpo	• 8				
с		ncies of North Carolina to			
The purpose of this Chapter is to enable the State and the agencies of North Carolina to respond to requests for public records without disclosing the location of <u>a petitioner for an</u>					
<u>Extreme Risk Protection Order or a victim of domestic violence, sexual offense, stalking, or</u>					
human trafficking; to enable interagency cooperation in providing address confidentiality for <u>a</u> <u>petitioner for an Extreme Risk Protection Order or victims of domestic violence</u> , sexual offense,					
	an trafficking; and to enable the State and its age				
-	of an address designated by the Office of the Attor				
address.					
"§ 15C-2. Definitions.					
-	g definitions apply in this Chapter:				
	,				
(2)	Address Confidentiality Program or Program. – A	A program in the Office of			
(-/	the Attorney General to protect the confidentiality				
	<u>petitioner or a relocated victim of domestic vi</u>				
	stalking to prevent the <u>petitioner's or</u> victim's assai				
	from finding the <u>petitioner or victim through publi</u>	-			
	interio interpetationer or iterin anough publi				
 (5a)	ERPO petitioner. – The person who petitions for a	an Extreme Risk Protection			
<u>(3u)</u>	Order under Chapter 50E of the General Statutes.				
	state under enupter 2012 of the General Statutes.				
 "8 15C-3 Addr	ess Confidentiality Program.				
	Assembly establishes the Address Confidentiality P	Program in the Office of the			
	to protect the confidentiality of the address of <u>an ER</u>	-			
•		-			
victim of domestic violence, sexual offense, stalking, or human trafficking to prevent the petitioner's or victim's assailants or potential assailants from finding the petitioner or victim					
-	petitioner's or victim's assailants or potential assailants from finding the <u>petitioner or victim</u>				
through public records. Under this Program, the Attorney General shall designate a substitute address for a program participant and act as the agent of the program participant for purposes of					
address for a program participant and act as the agent of the program participant for purposes of acruice of process and receiving and forwarding first class mail or certified or registered mail					
service of process and receiving and forwarding first-class mail or certified or registered mail. The Attorney General shall not be required to forward any mail other than first-class mail or					
certified or registered mail to the program participant. The Attorney General shall not be required					
to track or otherwise maintain records of any mail received on behalf of a program participant					
to track of other	vise maintain records of any mail received on bena	in or a program participant			

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		and certification of applications; authorization card.	
(a)	An in	dividual who wants to participate in the Address Confide	ntiality Program shall
file an appl	licatio	n with the Attorney General with the assistance of an app	lication assistant. Any
of the follo	wing i	ndividuals may apply to the Attorney General to have an	address designated by
	-	eral to serve as the substitute address of the individual:	6 .
	(1)	An adult individual.	
	(2)	A parent or guardian acting on behalf of a minor when	the minor resides with
	(-)	the individual.	
	(3)	A guardian acting on behalf of an incapacitated individ	nal
	· /	pplication shall be dated, signed, and verified by the a	
		plication assistant who assisted in the preparation of the a	
•		pplication shall contain all of the following:	ppiloution
. ,	(1)	A statement by the applicant that the applicant is an	FRPO petitioner or a
	(1)	victim of domestic violence, sexual offense, stalking,	
		and that the applicant fears for the applicant's safety	
		applicant's child.	of the safety of the
	(2)	Evidence Except for an applicant that is an ERPO petitiv	oner avidance that the
	(2)	applicant is a victim of domestic violence, sexual offen	
		11	
		trafficking. For an applicant that is an ERPO petition	
		applicant is at risk from violence or other unlawf	
		respondent in a petition filed under Chapter 50E of the	General Statutes. This
		evidence may include any of the following:	oto oconor recordo or
		a. Law enforcement, court, or other federal or st files.	ate agency records or
			nom if the applicant is
		b. Documentation from a domestic violence prograduate has a visiting of domestic violence	and if the applicant is
		alleged to be a victim of domestic violence.	than nucleasional from
		c. Documentation from a religious, medical, or of	-
		whom the applicant has sought assistance in de	anng with the aneged
		domestic violence, sexual offense, or stalking.	of human trafficiting's
		d. Documentation submitted to support a victim of an fordered excitation of the submitted to support a victim of the submitted support of the	
		application for federal assistance or benefits	under lederal numan
		trafficking laws.	
	••••		1 . 1
	(4)	A Except for an applicant that is an ERPO petitione	
		applicant that the applicant has or will confidentia	lly relocate in North
		Carolina.	
			1 11 J A.J
	(7)	The address that the applicant requests not to be disc	
		General that directly relates to the increased risk of dom	
		offense, or stalking.stalking, or other unlawful conduct	<u>.</u>
	"		
		TION 4.(c) G.S. 14-415.4(e) is amended by adding a new	
	" <u>(11)</u>		-
		Chapter 50E of the General Statutes or a similar out-of	
		has been issued against the petitioner and the court of	order issued is still in
	~	effect."	
		TION 4.(d) Development of Forms. – The Administrativ	
	-	appropriate forms to implement the processes provided	under Chapter 50E of
		tes, as enacted by subsection (a) of this section.	
	SECI	TION 4.(e) Effective Date. – This section becomes effect	ve December 1, 2024.

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2023
1	PART V. EXEMPT FIREARM SAFETY AND STORAGE ITEMS FROM THE SALES
2	TAX
3	SECTION 5.(a) G.S. 105-164.3 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:
4	"(88) Firearm safety equipment. – An enclosure or a device, other than one that is
5	part of the design of a firearm, that is intended to prevent access to, or
6	unintentional or unauthorized use of, the firearm."
7	SECTION 5.(b) G.S. 105-164.13 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:
8	"(75) Firearm safety equipment."
9	SECTION 5.(c) This Part becomes effective October 1, 2024, and applies to sales
10	made on or after that date.
11	
12	PART VI. EFFECTIVE DATE
13	SECTION 6. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes
14	law.