This is a basic outline of the process and resources for researching the history of a North Carolina bill or statute. Much of the research involves traditional print materials located in the North Carolina Legislative Library, but certain recent information is available on the Web at http://www.ncleg.net/ and http://www.ncleg.net/LegLibrary/.

The Library staff will assist patrons with their research, but services do not include compiling legislative histories. For Library hours and information see http://www.ncleg.net/LegLibrary/.

Additional tools for researching legislative history and a list of internal links are located at the end of this guide.


Start Here if you know the YEAR or SESSION the bill was introduced.

1. Find the bill number on the NCGA web page, House or Senate journals, or session laws. When you have the bill number, go to step 7.

Start here if you know the STATUTE SECTION.

2. Look first in the current statutes. These are free online at www.ncleg.net or http://www.ncleg.net/statutes/statutes.html (read caveats carefully) or in print in many law and public libraries. The print version is the official version and contains editorial notes and other helpful material not in the unofficial web version. Current statutes are also available through paid online services.

3. If your section isn’t in the current statutes, check the out-of-date (superseded) statutes. Superseded statutes are available in the Legislative
Office Building Library, the Supreme Court Library, the State Library, and law school libraries.

4. After finding the statute section, locate the history note in parentheses at the end of the statute. This will lead you to the session law number. Example 1: “1983, c. 814, s. 1.” refers to section 1 of Chapter 814 of the 1983 Session Laws. Example 2: “S.L. 1997-210,” refers to Chapter 210 of the 1997 Session Laws. Abbreviations and a User’s Guide are located in the front of each volume of the General Statutes.

5. Locate the session laws listed in the history note. The print volumes of Session Laws are available in the Legislative Library, the Supreme Court Library, the State Library, and law school libraries. They are online for certain years (local laws beginning in 1959; public laws beginning in 1983). The Internet Archive has a hodgepodge of session laws as well, some back to the 1800s. http://www.archive.org/

6. Read each session law to see if it affects the language you’re researching. Check each change listed in the history note until you find the change(s) you are researching. Once you have the bill number from the heading of the session law, go to Step 7.

Start here if you know the BILL NUMBER.

7. Using the bill number, compile the chronological bill history. Bill histories are online beginning in 1985 and on microfilm from 1969-1984. We have old computer printouts for bills from the 1973–1975 and 1979-1983 sessions. For earlier sessions, use the House and Senate Journals, which index bills by page references. Write down each action on the bill and the date of the action, including all committees to which the bill was referred. For each bill, go through this process in both the House and Senate Journals. If the online or print source shows a companion bill, follow the same steps for the companion bill. Use the Legislative Library Documents Locator to locate print and filmed bill histories.

8. Review the bill in the bill books, the microfilm collection, or State Archives. It may be useful to look at all versions of the bill. For example, the draft version may have information not found in later editions of a bill, including a drafting code and other prefatory material indicating who drafted the bill, whether it originated in a study committee, whether a fiscal or actuarial note was filed, and whether it was recommended by an agency or other entity. Use the Legislative Library Documents Locator to find the location of bill books.

9. Identify the committees that considered the bill and review their minutes. Using the bill history from Step 7, review the minutes from the standing committee(s) which considered the bill. These are summary minutes only (not verbatim or transcribed), but you may find bill analyses
and explanatory memoranda by legislative analysts here. Depending on the dates, committee minutes are in notebooks in the LB Library or on microfilm in the LOB Library. Use the Legislative Library Committee Minutes Page to locate minutes.

10. **Determine whether the bill originated in a study or another interim committee.** If a non-standing (study) committee recommended the bill, a study report or committee minutes may be available. You might learn this from the drafting code in the bill’s caption, the long title of the bill, session law indexes, or another reference source. Use the Legislative Library Studies Page to identify online reports and older reports in the Legislative Library. The Legislative Library also has a collection of study committee minutes in microfilm and print beginning in the late 1960s. Use the Legislative Library Committee Minutes Page to locate committee minutes. If the General Statutes Commission recommended the bill, General Statutes Commission memoranda or other research resources may be available from the General Statutes Commission (GSC). (The Legislative Library and Supreme Court Library have limited portions of GSC resources).

11. **Floor debate may be available.** Floor debate is recorded in the Senate and transferred to the State Archives following session. Senate recordings are available for 1977, 1979-2002 (tapes) and 2003 forward (CDs). Contact the Senate Principal Clerk’s Office for the current session recording. The House chamber audio archives begin with the 2009 session and are online.

12. **Summaries of legislation.** The Research Division publishes post-session Summaries of Substantive Ratified Legislation, which are available at the Legislative Library or online. The School of Government provides bill digests in its Daily Bulletin series and offers post-legislative summaries.

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**ADDITIONAL TOOLS FOR RESEARCHING NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATIVE HISTORY:**

- NC Legislative History Guide (NC Supreme Court Library)
- NC Legislative History Guide (UNC Law Library)
- Finding Federal and North Carolina Legislative History on the Web (UNC Law Library)
- Wake Forest Professional Center Library Resource Guides (link under construction)
- North Carolina Legislative Process (NC State University course)
  Legislative Library stacks JK 4171 1997
  Legislative Library stacks JK 4166 .B37 1993

**INTERNAL LINKS:**

Current North Carolina General Statutes
http://www.ncleg.net/Statutes/Statutes.html

North Carolina Session Laws
http://www.ncleg.net/gascripts/EnactedLegislation/ELTOC.pl?sType=Law
Legislative Library Documents Locator

Legislative Library Studies Page

Legislative Library Committee Minutes Page
http://www.ncleg.net/library/LegHistMaterials/leghistmaterials.html

General Statutes Commission
http://www.ncdoj.com/About-DOJ/Legal-Services/Legal-Resources/General-Statutes-Commission.aspx

Summaries of Substantive Ratified Legislation
http://www.ncleg.net/gascripts/DocumentSites/browseDocSite.asp?nID=1&sFolderName=\Research\20Division\Summaries%20of%20Substantive%20Ratified%20Legislation

N.C. School of Government
http://www.sog.unc.edu/pubs/nclegis/index.html

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